

Misión Permanente de la República Dominicana ante las Naciones Unidas Oficina para asuntos del Consejo de Seguridad

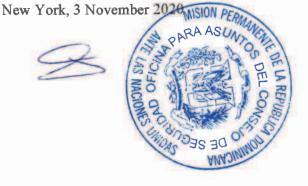
"AÑO DE LA CONSOLIDACIÓN DE LA SEGURIDAD ALIMENTARIA"

CSRD-084-2020

The Permanent Mission of the Dominican Republic to the United Nations -Office for Security Council Affairs- presents its compliments to the Security Council Committee established pursuant to resolution 1540 (2004) and, with reference to note verbale SCA/5/19 (01) dated 18 March 2019, has the honour to transmit herewith the updated national action plan and the national report of the Dominican Republic on the implementation of resolution 1540 (2004), for the 2021 Comprehensive Review.

The Permanent Mission of the Dominican Republic to the United Nations- Office for Security Council Affairs- avails itself of this opportunity to renew to the Security Council Committee established pursuant to resolution 1540 (2004), the assurances of its highest consideration.

Security Council Committee established pursuant to resolution 1540 (2004) New York



Translated from Spanish

Dominican Republic

National action plan for the implementation of Security Council resolution 1540 (2004)

On 20 April 2011, the Security Council adopted resolution 1977 (2011), in which it reaffirmed that the proliferation of nuclear, chemical and biological weapons, as well as their means of delivery, constituted a threat to international peace and security, and in which it extended the mandate of the 1540 Committee for a period of 10 years, until 2021. In that resolution, States were also encouraged to prepare, on a voluntary basis, national action plans for implementing the key provisions of resolution 1540 (2004), and to submit those plans to the 1540 Committee.

In accordance with paragraph 4 of resolution 1540 (2004), in which States are called upon to present a report on steps they have taken or intend to take to implement the resolution, the Dominican Republic, aware of its commitment to the international community and in line with its policy of prohibiting all activities related to weapons of mass destruction and their means of delivery, is submitting its 2020 action plan, whose main objective is to contribute to the global fight against the threat to international peace and security posed by the proliferation of weapons of mass destruction and their means of delivery. In this action plan, the Dominican Republic voluntarily sets forth the objectives and activities to be carried out by its Government in order to strengthen the implementation of resolution 1540 (2004).

Taking into account the continuous socioeconomic growth and development of national industry that the Dominican Republic has experienced in recent years, this action plan provides supplementary and follow-up information on the progress achieved towards the goals related to the implementation of resolution 1540 (2004) that were outlined in the action plan submitted by the country in 2015.

These goals include the establishment of the cross-sectoral committee for the implementation of resolution 1540 (2004) as the main body responsible for bringing together and coordinating national authorities, and for providing support for the implementation of public policies related to resolution 1540 (2004); the drafting and submission to the executive branch of the bill on the non-proliferation of weapons of mass destruction; the preparation and implementation of the operative list; and inter-agency training on the non-proliferation, identification and detection of weapons of mass destruction, and on the necessary border controls,

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without prejudice to the advisory, supervisory and inspection activities carried out by the competent State institutions, together with domestic manufacturers, in relation to the trade, transport, storage and protection of dual-use substances.

To ensure better management and supervision of border crossings, the Government of the Dominican Republic is establishing and implementing inter-agency border posts operated by the Ministry of Defence, the Directorate-General of Customs, the Directorate-General of Immigration and other institutions, with personnel duly trained in matters related to weapons of mass destruction. It is also important to note the peer review exercise between the Dominican Republic and the Republic of Panama, in which the two countries exchanged experiences and best practices in implementing resolution 1540 (2004). This exercise was the second such exercise to be conducted in the Americas and the first to be conducted among the member countries of the Central American Integration System.

On the basis of the foregoing and taking into account the priorities, needs and challenges arising from the continued implementation of resolution 1540 (2004), the Dominican Republic, within the framework of the cross-sectoral coordination committee for the fulfilment of the commitments of the Dominican State under resolution 1540 (2004), is voluntarily submitting the following national action plan:

Thematic area	Activity	Resolution 1540 (2004)	Estimated time frame
Strengthening of institutions	 Continue to strengthen the leadership of the cross-sectoral coordination committee for the fulfilment of the commitments of the Dominican State under resolution 1540 (2004). Expand the membership of the cross-sectoral 	Paragraph 8	Short term 2021
	 committee to include other relevant State entities. Continue to improve the mechanisms that determine the operation of the committee, the frequency of 		
	committee, the frequency of its meetings and the roles and responsibilities of each of its members.		

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	• Other activities, a identified by the o sectoral coordinat committee.	cross-	
Strengthening of the legislative framework	• Review and upda current laws and with a view to strengthening the legal framework weapons of mass destruction.	controls and 3 overall	Short to medium term (2021–2022)
	• Consideration with to the issues ident the cross-sectoral coordination commendations international bodi provide technical assistance, and to made in the legal presented in 2015	tified by mittee, as s made by les which those study	
	Begin work on the implementing reg related to the bill non-proliferation weapons of mass destruction, which matters such as li procedures for us dual-use substance	ulation on the of h covers censing ers of	
Ratification of additional international instruments related to resolution 1540 (2004)	 In addition to a baanalysis carried of cross-sectoral coor committee, the leprepared by the UN ations Regional Peace, Disarmam Development in IAmerica and the in 2014 identified of international ir (to which the Don Republic is a State relevance to the 	aseline Paragraphs 7 ut by the and 8 ordination gal study United Centre for ent and Latin Caribbean I a number nstruments minican	Medium term (mid-2022)

	implementation of		
	resolution 1540 (2004), and		
	whose enforcement would		
	lead to better		
	implementation of the		
	resolution. These		
	instruments include:		
	(a) International Convention for		
	the Suppression of Acts of		
	Nuclear Terrorism;		
	(b) Convention on the Physical		
	Protection of Nuclear Material		
	and its Amendment;		
	(c) International Convention for		
	the Suppression of Terrorist		
	Bombings; (d) International Convention for		
	the Suppression of the		
	Financing of Terrorism;		
	(e) 2005 Protocol to the		
	Convention for the Suppression		
	of Unlawful Acts against the		
	Safety of Maritime Navigation;		
	(f) 2005 Protocol to the Protocol		
	for the Suppression of		
	Unlawful Acts against the		
	Safety of Fixed Platforms		
	Located on the Continental		
	Shelf;		
	(g) Convention on the Suppression		
	of Unlawful Acts Relating to		
	International Civil Aviation;		
	(h) Memorandum of understanding		
	among the Governments of the		
	States members of the Financial		
	Action Task Force of Latin		
	America, signed in 2016.		
	• Restructure and implement	Paragraph 3	Continuous –
Strengthening of	control lists of dual-use		short, medium
import and export	items and materials and of		and long term
controls	items and materials that		(2020–2022)
	could contribute to		
	proliferation, such as the		
	operative list.		
	• Design and implement (or		
	strengthen) unified		
	licensing systems, with		

	 effective regulations concerning end use and end users. Other activities, as identified by the member institutions of the cross- sectoral coordination committee. 	D	
Capacity-building and training for officials in various sectors	 Training in border and port security. Continue to train actors involved in border-related operations. Strengthen inter-agency coordination in the implementation of controls on dual-use substances. Training in effective measures to improve border and port security; exercises to strengthen comprehensive risk management and interagency coordination. Training is also necessary as a result of the establishment of interagency border posts. Training in the identification and management of chemical, biological, radiological and nuclear substances. Training in the identification of items and materials that could contribute to proliferation. (Ongoing activities) Training in the management and chemicals. (Activity completed) 	Paragraphs 3 and 10	Continuous – short, medium and long term (2020–2022)

	 Workshops on the identification of radioactive sources and radiation-emitting devices. (Ongoing activities) Courses on responding to agents of chemical warfare and to incidents involving toxic industrial chemicals. (Activity completed) Workshops on responding to radiological emergencies. (Activity completed) Training of staff in the use of the equipment indicated under the first objective in section 7¹ below. 	
Strengthening of public health measures pursuant to the Biological Weapons Convention	 (Activity completed) Training of staff in the use of the equipment indicated under the first objective in 	Continuous – short, medium and long term (2020–2022)
	• Other training and educational initiatives, as identified by the member institutions of the cross-	

¹Translator's note: The original Spanish text contains a reference to section 3, but the relevant equipment is referred to in section 7.

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		sectoral coordination		
		committee.		-
Acquisition of equipment	•	Acquire equipment for physical facilities and border control units to enable the timely detection of chemical, biological, radiological and nuclear substances and materials. Other necessary equipment, as identified by the member institutions of the cross- sectoral coordination	Paragraph 8	Continuous – short, medium and long term (2020–2022)
		committee.		
Strengthening of dialogue with the private sector and industry	•	Raise awareness by including the public sector and industry in relevant meetings and events, and disseminate information to the public on procedures related to controls on imports, exports, transit, trans-shipment and the transport, storage and use of chemical, biological, radiological and nuclear materials. Other activities that the cross-sectoral coordination committee may consider relevant for the strengthening of dialogue with the private sector and	Paragraphs 9 and 10	Continuous – short, medium and long term (2020–2022)
Promotion of	•	industry. Provide information to the	Paragraphs 8	Continuous –
Promotion of international and	•	Provide information to the 1540 Committee on	Paragraphs 8, 9 and 10	Continuous – short, medium
regional cooperation		progress made in the		and long term
and dialogue with the 1540 Committee,		implementation of resolution 1540 (2004) and		(2020–2022)
the United Nations		resolution 1540 (2004) and of the national action plan.		
Regional Centre for		or the national action plan.		
Peace, Disarmament	•	Update the 1540 matrix		
and Development in		regularly.		
Latin America and				
the Caribbean, the	•	Other actions that the cross-		
Inter-American		sectoral coordination		
Committee against		committee may consider		
Terrorism of the		relevant for promoting		

Organization of	international and regional	
American States,	cooperation and dialogue	
and other	with the 1540 Committee.	
cooperation entities		