



КЫРГЫЗ РЕСПУБЛИКАСЫНЫН
БИРИККЕН УЛУТТАР
УЮМУНДАГЫ
ТУРУКТУУ ӨКҮЛЧҮЛҮГҮ

ПОСТОЯННОЕ
ПРЕДСТАВИТЕЛЬСТВО
КЫРГЫЗСКОЙ РЕСПУБЛИКИ ПРИ
ОРГАНИЗАЦИИ ОБЪЕДИНЕННЫХ
НАЦИЙ

PERMANENT MISSION OF THE
KYRGYZ REPUBLIC TO THE UNITED
NATIONS

№ 016/261

The Permanent Mission of the Kyrgyz Republic to the United Nations presents its compliments to the Security Council Committee established pursuant to resolution 1540 (2004) and with the reference to its letter dated 18 March 2019 “SCA/5/19(01)” has the honour to forward herewith up-to-date information on implementation of resolution 1540 (Matrix of measures).

The Permanent Mission of the Kyrgyz Republic to the United Nations avails itself of this opportunity to renew to the Security Council Committee established pursuant to resolution 1540 (2004) the assurances of its highest consideration.

Enclosure: the above -mentioned on 3 page.



**Security Council Committee
established pursuant to resolution 1540 (2004)
United Nations
New York**

State: Kyrgyz Republic**Date of Report: 26 August 2019**

Dates of Additional Reports:

Last Revised:

I. OP 1 and related matters from OP 5, OP 8 (a), (b), (c) and OP10

Adherence to legally binding instruments, membership of organisations, participation in arrangements and statements made.	Relevant information (i.e. signing, deposit of instrument of accession, ratification, etc)	Remarks (information refers to the page of the English version of the national report or an official web site)
1 Nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty (NPT)	The Kyrgyz Republic acceded to this Treaty by Decision No. 1415-XII of the Zhogorku Kenesh of 12 January 1994 on accession to the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons.	
2 Nuclear Weapons Free Zone/ Protocol(s)	The Kyrgyz Republic signed the Treaty on 8 September 2006 in Semipalatinsk. It was ratified by Act No. 58 of 28 April 2007 on ratification of the Treaty on a Nuclear-Weapon-Free Zone in Central Asia.	
3 Convention for the Suppression of Acts of Nuclear Terrorism	The Kyrgyz Republic ratified this Convention by Act No. 59 of 28 April 2007 on the ratification of the International Convention for the Suppression of Acts of Nuclear Terrorism, signed on 14 September 2005 in New York City.	
4 Convention on Physical Protection of Nuclear Material (CPPNM)	The Kyrgyz Republic acceded to this Convention by Act No. 155 of 14 July 2015 on accession to the Convention on the Physical Protection of Nuclear Material.	
5 2005 Amendment to the CPPNM	-	

6	Comprehensive Nuclear-Test-Ban Treaty (CTBT) (not in force)		
7	Chemical Weapons Convention (CWC)	The Kyrgyz Republic ratified this Convention by Act No. 89 of 29 April 2003 on the ratification of the Convention on the Prohibition of the Development, Production, Stockpiling and Use of Chemical Weapons and on Their Destruction. In accordance with Government Decision No. 613 of 24 August 2006, the Ministry of Economy was appointed as the executive body of the Kyrgyz Republic responsible for the implementation of this Convention.	
8	Biological Weapons Convention (BWC)	The Kyrgyz Republic ratified this Convention by Act No. 144 of 17 August 2004 on the accession of the Kyrgyz Republic to the Convention on the Prohibition of the Development, Production and Stockpiling of Bacteriological (Biological) and Toxin Weapons and on Their Destruction, signed on 10 April 1972 in Moscow, London and Washington, D.C.	
9	Geneva Protocol of 1925	The Kyrgyz Republic ratified this Protocol by Act No. 36 of 20 March 2019 on the accession of the Kyrgyz Republic to the Protocol for the Prohibition of the Use in War of Asphyxiating, Poisonous or Other Gases and Bacteriological Methods of Warfare, signed on 17 June 1925 in Geneva.	
10	1997 International Convention for the Suppression of Terrorist Bombing	The Kyrgyz Republic acceded to the International Convention for the Suppression of Terrorist Bombings, opened for signature on 12 January 1998. It was ratified by Act No. 10 of 16 January 2001 on ratification of the Protocol relating to an amendment to the Convention on International Civil Aviation, signed in Montreal on 30 September 1977, and on accession to the International Convention for the Suppression of Terrorist Bombings, opened for signature on 12 January 1998.	
11	1999 International Convention for the Suppression of the Financing of Terrorism	–	
12	2005 Protocol to the Convention for the suppression of unlawful acts against the safety of maritime navigation	–	
13	2005 Protocol to the Convention for the suppression of acts against the safety of fixed platforms	–	

	located on the continental shelf		
14	2010 Convention on the Suppression of Unlawful Acts Relating to International Civil Aviation	–	
15	Other relevant regional legally binding instruments	–	
16	International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA)	The Kyrgyz Republic ratified the Statute of the Agency by Act No. 174 of 1 August 2003 on ratification of the Statute of the International Atomic Energy Agency (New York, 26 October 1956). On 16 September 2003, the IAEA General Conference adopted a resolution for the admission of the Kyrgyz Republic as a member of the Agency. Kyrgyzstan thereby officially became the 137th member of IAEA.	
17	Directly relevant Arrangements	–	
18	Statement on non-provision of WMD and related materials to non-State actors	–	
19	Membership in relevant international, regional or sub-regional organisations	–	

II. OP 2 - Nuclear Weapons (NW), Chemical Weapons (CW) and Biological Weapons (BW)

National legislation which prohibits persons or entities to engage in one of the following activities and its enforcement	National legal framework					Enforcement and civil/criminal penalties					Remarks
	X /?			Source document of national implementation law	X /?			Source document			
	N W	C W	B W		N W	C W	B W				
1	manufacture	<p>-Export Control Act of 23 January 2003 (Act No. 30);</p> <p>-Government Decision No. 330 of 4 May 2004: procedure for issuing a permit for the transit of items subject to export control;</p> <p>-Government Decision No. 257 of 27 October 2010: regulations on the export control procedure for controlled items in the Kyrgyz Republic;</p> <p>-Government Decision No. 613 of 24 August 2006 on the executive body of the Kyrgyz Republic responsible for implementation of the Convention on the Prohibition of the Development, Production, Stockpiling and Use of Chemical Weapons and on Their Destruction;</p> <p>-Government Decision No. 197 of 2 April 2014: national control list of controlled items.</p>			<p>Criminal Code of 2 February 2017 (No. 19):</p> <p>-Article 384. Production, purchase, transfer, stockpiling, use or proliferation of weapons of mass destruction;</p> <p>-Article 239. Acts of terrorism;</p> <p>-Article 262. Illegal handling of radioactive materials;</p> <p>Article 263. Theft or extortion of radioactive materials;</p> <p>-Article 270. Smuggling of items in respect of which special rules have been established for movement across the customs border of the Kyrgyz Republic;</p> <p>-Article 284. Violation of the rules for handling environmentally hazardous substances and waste;</p> <p>-Article 285. Violation of the safety rules for handling biological agents or toxins.</p>			<p>Currently, in accordance with section 1 of the Action Plan of the Kyrgyz Republic for the implementation of Security Council resolution 1540 (2004), approved by Government Decision No. 443 of 24 July 2017,</p> <p>A draft law is being developed to supplement the Criminal Code and the Code on Violations, in order to bring domestic legislation into compliance with the requirements of the international treaties on the non-proliferation of weapons of mass destruction to which the Kyrgyz Republic is a party.</p>			
2	acquire	“ ... ”			“ ... ”			“ ... ”			

3	possess	“... ”	“... ”	
4	develop			“... ”
5	transport	“... ”		
6	transfer	“... ”	“... ”	
7	use	“... ”	“... ”	
8	attempt to engage in abovementioned activities			“... ”
9	participate as an accomplice in abovementioned activities			
10	assist in abovementioned activities			
11	finance abovementioned activities			
12	abovementioned activities related to means of delivery ¹			

1. Means of delivery: missiles, rockets and other unmanned systems capable of delivering nuclear, chemical, or biological weapons that are specially designed for such use.

III. OP 3 (a) and (b) - Account for/Secure/Physically protect NW, CW and BW, including Related Materials ²

Measures to establish domestic controls to prevent the proliferation of NW, CW, BW, and their means of delivery; controls over related materials		National legal and/or regulatory framework			Enforcement and civil/criminal penalties			Remarks
		X/?			X/?			
		N W	C W	B W *	N W	C W	B W	
1	Measures to account for production	-Article 28. Ambient Air Protection Act of 12 June 1999 (Act No. 51); -Government Decision No. 396 of 3 July 2013, amending and supplementing section 2.3 of Government Decision No. 329 of 6 June 2003 on sanitary and epidemiological surveillance in order for bodies and institutions of the Sanitary and Epidemiological Service to ensure the sanitary and epidemiological well-being of the population; -Instructions on the procedure for purchasing, selling, storing, accounting for and transporting highly toxic substances, approved by Government Decision No. 513 of 21 September 1999; -Government Decision No. 43 of 9 February 2015, approving the regulations on the hazard classification system for chemical substances and mixtures and hazard reporting requirements: marking and safety data sheets.			Code on Violations of 13 April 2017 (No. 58): -Article 130, paragraph 2. Violation of regulations on the transport of dangerous goods; -Article 140. Violation of environmental safety requirements during operations with pesticides and agrochemicals; -Article 151. Violation of the requirements of technical regulations, sanitary rules, hygienic norms and other laws and regulations when handling chemical substances and materials.			A draft law on nuclear and radiation safety in the Kyrgyz Republic has been prepared.
2	Measures to account for use	“...”						“...”
3	Measures to account for storage	“...”						In the field of radiation safety, an inventory was taken of ionizing radiation sources and a national register of

				<p>radiation sources was compiled.</p> <p>The State system of accounting for and control of sources of ionizing radiation was optimized, and the latest (new) version of the ARIS v2.5 programme for registering sources of ionizing radiation was installed.</p> <p>Regulations on the national register of ionizing radiation sources were developed. The draft regulations are pending approval by the Ministry of Justice.</p> <p>The physical protection of ionizing radiation sources was significantly strengthened at the disposal site for radioactive sources of the Ministry of Health National Centre of Oncology and Haematology, and at the isotope storage facility of the Kara-Balta Mining Plant joint stock company.</p> <p>Five sanitary rules and regulations on radiation</p>
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				<p>safety were also developed with the participation of IAEA expert consultants and specialists from the Disease Prevention and Sanitary and Epidemiologic Surveillance Department of the Ministry of Health. A draft government decision has been prepared for approval by relevant ministries and departments.</p>
4	Measures to account for transport		<p>Criminal Code of 2 February 2017 (No. 19): -Article 284. Violation of the rules for handling environmentally hazardous substances and waste.</p>	<p>The Laboratory Coordinating Council of the Ministry of Health, with the support of the “Good Laboratories - Good Quality” project (World Health Organization ((WHO)) Country Office), has developed and disseminated methodological recommendations entitled “Guidelines for the transportation of biological materials and samples for laboratory tests in health-care organizations of the Kyrgyz Republic”; and "Organization of work for implementation of the management system and</p>

				preparation of the accreditation/licensing of medical laboratories.”
5	Measures to secure production		Code on Violations of 13 April 2017 (No. 58): -Article 151. Violation of the requirements of technical regulations, sanitary rules, hygienic norms and other laws and regulations when handling chemical substances and materials.	
6	Measures to secure use		“ ...”	
7	Measures to secure storage		“ ...”	
8	Measures to secure transport		Code on Violations of 13 April 2017 (No. 58): -Article 284. Violation of the rules for handling environmentally hazardous substances and waste.	
9	Physical protection measures	Ministry of Health Decree No. 713 of 14 August 2017.		To strengthen physical protection measures, with the support of the WHO Country Office, one specialist was trained in the maintenance of biosafety cabinets; and, through a memorandum with the Russian Federation, two mobile microbiological laboratories were received for work in remote sites.
10	Personnel Reliability	Government officials, border guards and customs officers of the Kyrgyz Republic receive regular training.		

2. Related materials: materials, equipment and technology covered by relevant multilateral treaties and arrangements, or included on national control lists, which could be used for the design, development, production or use of nuclear, chemical and biological weapons and their means of delivery.

* Information required in this section may also be available in the State's Confidence Building Measures report, if submitted to the BWC Implementation Support Unit (online at: [http://www.unog.ch/80256EE600585943/\(httpPages\)/4FA4DA37A55C7966C12575780055D9E8?OpenDocument](http://www.unog.ch/80256EE600585943/(httpPages)/4FA4DA37A55C7966C12575780055D9E8?OpenDocument))

IV. OP 3 (a) and (b) - Account for/Secure/Physically protect NW including Related Materials (NW specific)

Measures to establish domestic controls to prevent the proliferation of NW, and their means of delivery; controls over related materials	Source document	Remarks
1 National regulatory authority	<p>In accordance with Government Decision No. 257 of 27 October 2010, the Ministry of Economy is the State body authorized to issue licenses for the export, import and re-export of controlled items.</p> <p>-Pursuant to the regulations on the State Agency for Environmental Protection and Forestry under the Government of the Kyrgyz Republic and approved by Government Decision No. 123 of 20 February 2012, the Agency implements State policy and carries out State regulation in the field of nuclear, radiation, chemical and biological safety.</p> <p>- Pursuant to Government Decision No. 817 of 2 December 2015 on enhancing the effectiveness of cooperation between the Kyrgyz Republic and international organizations, integration associations and international treaty bodies, the State Agency for Environmental Protection and Forestry was confirmed as the executive body responsible for technical cooperation with IAEA in December 2016.</p>	
2 Licensing of nuclear installations/entities/ use of materials	<p>-Export Control Act of 23 January 2003 (Act No. 30);</p> <p>-Act No. 195 of 19 October 2013 on the licensing and authorization system in the Kyrgyz Republic;</p> <p>-Government Decision No. 330 of 4 May 2004: procedure for issuing a permit for the transit of items subject to export control;</p> <p>- Government Decision No. 257 of 27 October 2010: regulations on the export control procedure for controlled items in the Kyrgyz Republic;</p> <p>-Government Decision No. 197 of 2 April 2014: national control list of controlled items.</p>	
3 IAEA Safeguards Agreements	<p>Order No. 316-r of 12 September 2018.</p> <p><i>(The 2018-2023 Country Programme Framework for Cooperation with IAEA was approved and signed. This document defines the framework for planning</i></p>	

		<p><i>IAEA technical cooperation in the Kyrgyz Republic for the period 2018-2023. This programme provides a full picture of the priorities established for IAEA technical cooperation requests for the period 2018-2023).</i></p> <p><i>-Order No. 406-r of 18 September 2017.</i></p> <p><i>(A Strategic Master Plan was signed for the European Bank for Reconstruction and Development to allocate 100 million euros to finance the transfer and rehabilitation of uranium legacy facilities in the Kyrgyz Republic. This document is designed to attract investment for the rehabilitation of uranium legacy facilities in Central Asia, including Kyrgyzstan. It presents a strategic plan for the rehabilitation of uranium legacy facilities in Central Asia, particularly in the Republics of Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan and Uzbekistan. The following uranium legacy sites are included in the above-mentioned document: Kaji-Sai, Kara-Balta, Mailuu-Suu, Min-Kush, Kizil-Jar, Tuya-Muyun and Shekaftar).</i></p>	
4	IAEA Code of Conduct on Safety and Security of Radioactive Sources		<p>The State Agency for Environmental Protection and Forestry has developed the following by-laws and regulations on radioactive materials and sources of ionizing radiation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Procedures for cooperation between State executive authorities when implementing radiation safety functions in the Kyrgyz Republic; -A draft government decision on State regulation in the field of radiation safety; - Regulations on the national register of ionizing radiation sources; -Hygienic requirements for the placement and operation of electron accelerators with energies up to 100 MeV; -Hygienic requirements for radiation safety when handling radiation inspection equipment. Sanitary rules and regulations; - Hygienic requirements for radiation safety during radionuclide diagnostics using radiopharmaceuticals;

			-A draft law on radiation and nuclear safety in the Kyrgyz Republic has been prepared.
5	Supplementary Guidance on the Import and Export of Radioactive Sources of the Code of Conduct on the Safety and Security of Radioactive Sources	-Government Decision No. 257 of 27 October 2010: regulations on the export control procedure for controlled items in the Kyrgyz Republic; -Government Decision No. 197 of 2 April 2014: national control list of controlled items.	
6	IAEA Incident and Trafficking Database		
7	Integrated Nuclear Security Support Plan (INSSP) / International Physical Protection Advisory Service (IPAS)		A draft government decision on an integrated nuclear and radiation safety support plan in the Kyrgyz Republic has been developed and submitted for approval to government agencies.
8	Applying the physical protection recommendations in INFCIRC/225/Rev. 5		An inventory of ionizing radiation sources was taken in order to monitor and keep track of the import, placement, operation, movement and disposal of radioactive sources, and a national register of ionizing radiation sources was established at the Disease Prevention and Sanitary and Epidemiologic Surveillance Department of the Ministry of Health. In order to determine the status of ionizing radiation sources and approve the procedure for registering and accounting for them, regulations on the

			<p>national register of ionizing radiation sources have been developed. A draft was sent to the Ministry of Justice, based on the conclusion of the Ministry's regulations on the national register of ionizing radiation sources. The regulations had been excluded from the list of documents approved by the Government Decision prior to supplementing the Act on the licensing and authorization system in the Kyrgyz Republic. This was because of the absence in current domestic law of issues related to licensing activities involving the use of ionizing radiation sources.</p>
9	Other Agreements related to IAEA		
10	National legislation and regulations related to nuclear material including CPPNM	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Export Control Act of 23 January 2003 (Act No. 30); - Government Decision No. 330 of 4 May 2004: procedure for issuing a permit for the transit of items subject to export control; -Government Decision No. 257 of 27 October 2010: regulations on the export control procedure for controlled items in the Kyrgyz Republic; -Government Decision No. 613 of 24 August 2006 on the executive body of the Kyrgyz Republic responsible for implementation of the Convention on the Prohibition of the Development, Production, Stockpiling and Use of Chemical Weapons and on Their Destruction; -Government Decision No. 197 of 2 April 2014: national control list of controlled items. -Radiation Safety of the Population Act; -Technical Regulations on Radiation Safety Act. 	

V. OP 3 (a) and (b) - Account for/Secure/Physically protect CW including Related Materials (CW specific)

Measures to establish domestic controls to prevent the proliferation of CW, and their means of delivery; controls over related materials		Source document	Remarks
1	National CWC authority	The Ministry of Economy (<i>Government Decision No. 613 of 24 August 2006 on the executive body of the Kyrgyz Republic responsible for implementation of the Convention on the Prohibition of the Development, Production, Stockpiling and Use of Chemical Weapons and on Their Destruction of 13 January 1993</i>).	
2	Licensing/registration of installations/facilities/ persons/entities/use/ handling of related materials	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Export Control Act of 23 January 2003 (Act No. 30); -Act No. 195 of 19 October 2013 on the licensing and authorization system in the Kyrgyz Republic; -Government Decision No. 330 of 4 May 2004: procedure for issuing a permit for the transit of items subject to export control; -Government Decision No. 257 of 27 October 2010: regulations on the export control procedure for controlled items in the Kyrgyz Republic; -Government Decision No. 197 of 2 April 2014: national control list of controlled items; -Ambient Air Protection Act of 12 June 1999. (<i>Act No. 51, article 28. Production, use, disposal and storage of potentially toxic chemicals</i>). 	A draft decision has now been drawn up on implementation of the Convention on the Prohibition of the Development, Production, Stockpiling and Use of Chemical Weapons and on Their Destruction of 13 January 1993. After coordination with State authorities, the draft will be sent to the Office of the Government for approval.
3	Old or abandoned chemical weapons		

VI. OP 3 (a) and (b) - Account for/Secure/Physically protect BW including Related Materials (BW specific)

Measures to establish domestic controls to prevent the proliferation of BW, their means of delivery; controls over related materials	Source document	Remarks
<p>1 Licensing/registration of installations/facilities/persons/entities/use/handling of materials</p>	<p>-Export Control Act of 23 January 2003 (Act No. 30); -Act No. 195 of 19 October 2013 on the licensing and authorization system in the Kyrgyz Republic; Government Decision No. 330 of 4 May 2004: procedure for issuing a permit for the transit of items subject to export control; -Government Decision No. 257 of 27 October 2010: regulations on the export control procedure for controlled items in the Kyrgyz Republic; -Government Decision No. 197 of 2 April 2014: national control list of controlled items.</p>	<p>To ensure the timely diagnosis of infectious diseases and contain the spread of resistant microorganisms – with support from the “Infectious control in hospitals of the Kyrgyz Republic” project (Swiss Red Cross) – an atlas for novice bacteriologists was developed and disseminated on the basics of clinical bacteriology.</p> <p>The Laboratory Coordinating Council of the Ministry of Health – with support from the “Good Laboratories - Good Quality” project (World Health Organization (WHO) Country Office) – developed and disseminated methodological recommendations entitled “Guidelines for the transportation of biological materials and samples for laboratory tests in health-care organizations of the Kyrgyz Republic” and “Organization of work for implementation of the management system and preparation of the accreditation/licensing of medical laboratories.”</p>

			<p>In order to harmonize the regulatory framework with biosafety and biosecurity requirements, a draft law on biosafety in the Kyrgyz Republic was drawn up for inclusion in the Government's plan.</p> <p>An interdepartmental working group was established by Ministry of Health Decree No. 617 of 22 May 2019. At the first meeting, the structure and timeline for development of the draft law were discussed and it was decided to finalize articles 1 to 4 of the law. On 2 July 2019 two meetings were held, and additions and amendments to the articles under consideration were discussed.</p>
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VII. OP 3 (c) and (d) and related matters from OP 6 - Controls of NW, CW and BW, including Related Materials

Border controls and export and trans-shipment controls to prevent the proliferation of nuclear, chemical and biological weapons and their means of delivery including related materials	National legal framework						Enforcement and civil/criminal penalties						Remarks
	X /?			Source document	X /?			Source document					
	N W	C W	B W		N W	C W	B W						
1 Border control to detect, deter, prevent and combat illicit trafficking	<p>-Customs Code of the Eurasian Economic Union (ratified by Act No. 223 (28) of 30 December 2017);</p> <p>-Customs Regulation Act of 24 April 2019 (Act No. 52);</p> <p>-State Border of the Kyrgyz Republic Act of 16 May 2015 (Act No. 98).</p>						<p>Criminal Code of 2 February 2017 (No. 19):</p> <p>-Article 270. Smuggling of items in respect of which special rules have been established for movement across the customs border of the Kyrgyz Republic.</p>						<p>Within the framework of cooperation between the Ministry of Emergency Situations and IAEA, the projects KIG 7002 and KIG 7003 (second phase) were implemented for the improvement of radioecological monitoring in the Kyrgyz Republic. These projects were aimed at developing the technical capabilities not only of the Agency, but also of national laboratories and training programmes, which have provided the basis for the further development and use of monitoring data as a tool for objective safety assessments.</p> <p>Under this project, the following devices were received in 2018 to equip the mobile laboratory for monitoring at uranium legacy sites: dosimeters,</p>

				dosimeters-radiometers, an alpha-beta-gamma radiometer and an environmental sampling kit.
2	Law enforcement to detect, deter, prevent and combat illicit trafficking		" ... "	
3	Border control detection measures		" ... "	
4	Control of brokering	The requirements of the regulations on the export control procedure for controlled items in the Kyrgyz Republic, approved by Government Decision No. 257 of 27 October 2010, are binding on all participants in foreign trade, including brokering and activities related to the transportation of controlled items.		
5	Export control legislation in place	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Export Control Act of 23 January 2003 (Act No. 30); -Act No. 195 of 19 October 2013 on the licensing and authorization system in the Kyrgyz Republic; -Government Decision No. 330 of 4 May 2004: procedure for issuing a permit for the transit of items subject to export control; - Government Decision No. 257 of 27 October 2010: regulations on the export control procedure for controlled items in the Kyrgyz Republic; -Government Decision No. 197 of 2 April 2014: national control list of controlled items. -International treaties on export control to which the Kyrgyz Republic is a party. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Criminal Code of 2 February 2017 (No. 19); -Code on Violations of 13 April 2017 (No. 58). 	
6	Licensing provisions and Authority	<p>Regulations on the export control procedure for controlled items in the Kyrgyz Republic, approved by Government Decision No. 257 of 27 October 2010.</p> <p>In accordance with paragraph 2.3 of these regulations, the Ministry of Economy is the State</p>	<p>Criminal Code of 2 February 2017 (No. 19):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Article 211. Illegal business or banking activities. 	

		body authorized to issue licenses for the export, import and re-export of controlled items.		
7	Control lists of materials, equipment and technology	National control list of controlled items, approved by Government Decision No. 197 of 2 April 2014.	Code on Violations of 13 April 2017 (No. 58): -Article 258. Non-compliance with the procedure for applying restrictions on the movement of goods across the customs border.	
8	Intangible technology transfers		Criminal Code of 2 February 2017 (No. 19): -Article 270. Smuggling of items in respect of which special rules have been established for movement across the customs border of the Kyrgyz Republic.	
9	Inclusion of means of delivery			
10	End-user controls	Sections 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9 of the regulations on the export control procedure for controlled items in the Kyrgyz Republic, approved by Government Decision No. 257 of 27 October 2010.	Criminal Code of 2 February 2017 (No. 19): -Article 270. Smuggling of items in respect of which special rules have been established for movement across the customs border of the Kyrgyz Republic; Code on Violations of 13 April 2017 (No. 58): -Article 258. Non-compliance with the procedure for applying restrictions on the movement of goods across the customs border.	
11	Catch all clause	Section 15 of the regulations on the export control procedure for controlled items in the Kyrgyz Republic, approved by Government Decision No. 257 of 27 October 2010. Article 9 of the Export Control Act of 23 January 2003 (Act No. 30).	"..."	

12	Transit control	Government Decision No. 330 of 4 May 2004: procedure for issuing a permit for the transit of items subject to export control.	"..."	
13	Trans-shipment control	Paragraph 1.4 of the procedure for issuing a permit for the transit of items subject to export control, approved by Government Decision No. 330 of 4 May 2004.	"..."	
14	Re-export control	Paragraphs 2.1 and 2.2 of the regulations on the export control procedure for controlled items in the Kyrgyz Republic, approved by Government Decision No. 257 of 27 October 2010.	"..."	
15	Control over financing of exports/transshipments that would contribute to proliferation	Government Decision No. 606 of 25 December 2008 on measures to implement the Act of the Kyrgyz Republic on combating the financing of terrorism and the legalization (laundering) of criminal proceeds.		
16	Control over services related to exports/transshipments that would contribute to proliferation including transportation		"..."	

VIII. OP 7 and 8 (d) - Assistance, Work with and inform Industry and Public, and other Information

1	Assistance offered	
2	Assistance Point of Contact (for assistance providers only)	
3	Assistance requested	
4	Action taken to work with and inform industry	
5	Action taken to work with and inform the public	
6	Point of Contact	Ministry of Economy of the Kyrgyz Republic.
7	Voluntary National Implementation Action Plan (NAP)	Government Decision No. 443 of 24 July 2017 approving the 2017–2019 Action Plan of the Kyrgyz Republic for the implementation of Security Council resolution 1540 (2004).
8	1540 Committee visits to States	