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Translated from Spanish

Permanent Mission of Peru to the United Nations

7-1-S/121

The Permanent Mission of Peru to the United Nations presents its compliments to the Chair of the United Nations Security Council Committee established pursuant to resolution 1540 (2004) and has the honour to transmit the road map (national action plan) for the implementation of resolution 1540 (2004), whose main objective is to show the basic guidelines for the actions and efforts undertaken by the Government of Peru to comply with Security Council resolution 1540 (2004).

The Permanent Mission of Peru to the United Nations takes this opportunity to convey to the Chair of the Security Council Committee established pursuant to resolution 1540 (2004) the renewed assurances of its highest consideration.

New York, 27 July 2017

Chair of the Security Council Committee
established pursuant to resolution 1540 (2004)
New York.

Road map for the implementation by Peru of resolution 1540 (2004)

Introduction

Peru is firmly committed to efforts to achieve complete disarmament and the non-proliferation of nuclear, biological and chemical weapons and their means of delivery. It supports stronger and more universal legally binding multilateral agreements in this area, in order to help ensure that nuclear materials, chemical substances and biological agents are used for peaceful purposes and, at the same time, to prevent them from being diverted for military purposes.

In that vein, it is submitting to the Security Council Committee established pursuant to resolution 1540 (2004), on a voluntary basis, its road map for the implementation of resolution 1540 (2004), whose main objective is to show the basic guidelines for the actions and efforts for compliance with the instrument.

The road map identifies the following specific objectives and activities:

- Strengthening of the legislative framework
- Capacity-building and training for officials in different sectors
- Institution-building

The content of the document is the result of a process of national dialogue, in which different authorities and actors coordinated to identify the priorities, needs and challenges of the implementation of resolution 1540 (2004).

This process began with the preparation of an initial diagnosis, based on the matrix for implementation of the resolution that Peru presented to the Committee in June 2016 and the legal study on its implementation, prepared by the United Nations Regional Centre for Peace, Disarmament and Development in Latin America and the Caribbean (UNLIREC), submitted in the same year.

According to that analysis, there has been notable legal, administrative and institutional progress in the implementation of resolution 1540 (2004), specifically in the nuclear/radiological and chemical fields.

In that regard, Peru has committed itself to continuing these efforts, through the review of the bill on the implementation of the Biological Weapons Convention, among such other measures as continued capacity-building for officials from various relevant sectors and national implementation of the provisions of multilateral non-proliferation treaties, which is also considered to be essential.

The presentation to the Committee of this road map strengthens the commitment of Peru to disarmament and the non-proliferation of weapons of mass destruction and thereby contributes to the promotion of international peace and security.

Road map for the implementation by Peru of resolution 1540 (2004)

Estimated timeline	Goal	Activity	Sector responsible
Short term With the support of UNLIREC	Strengthening of the legislative framework	Action 1 Review and updating of the bill on the implementation of the Biological Weapons Convention (punishment must be included in the penal code). Take into account any acts violating national integrity and the environment.	All
		Action 2 Develop a control list for biological elements.	Ministry of Health - National Health Institute (MINSA-INS)
Medium term With the support of UNLIREC and other partners	Capacity-building and training for officials in different sectors.	Action 1 Training in the implementation of international commitments in the area of weapons of mass destruction, with particular emphasis on biological themes.	Ministry of Foreign Affairs
		Action 2 Managing technical and financial cooperation to build capacities in the identification and detection of chemical, biological, radiological or nuclear materials and to carry out training in border and airport security.	National Customs and Tax Authority
		Action 3 Strengthening capacities for the handling, control and surveillance of and response to biological agents, products and materials that could be used as biological weapons.	Ministry of Health - National Health Institute (MINSA-INS)
Long term	Strengthening of institutions for the implementation of resolution 1540 (2004)	Action 1 Formal establishment of the multisectoral Commission for the formulation of consolidation of proposals related to implementation of resolution 1540 (2004).	All