## Republic of the Sudan Ministry of Foreign Affairs



## جمهورية السودان وزارة الخارجية

Date: December 5<sup>th</sup> 2017

## DECLARATION BY THE MINISTRY OF FOREIN AFFAIRS OF THE REPUBLIC OF THE SUDAN

Pursuant to the republican decree no (148) of 2017 dated 2/3/2017 on the demarcation of the maritime baseline of the Republic of the Sudan on the Red Sea, and which was deposited with UN Secretary General on April 7<sup>th</sup> 2017,

With reference to the declaration of the Government of the Sudan on its objection and rejection of the declaration of the Arab republic of Egypt dated 2<sup>nd</sup> of May 2017, on the demarcation of it's maritime boundaries, including coordinates which include the maritime zone of the Sudanese Halaeb Triangle, as part of its borders,

The Government of the Sudan declares it objection and rejection to what is known as the Agreement on the demarcation of maritime boundaries between the **Kingdom of Saudi Arabia** and the **Arab Republic of Egypt** signed on April 8<sup>th</sup> 2016, and which was deposited at the UN records (Treaty Section.. volume 5477),

The Government of the Sudan, while objecting to the agreement, reaffirms its rejection to all that the agreement includes on the Delimitation of the Egyptian maritime boundaries which include coordinates of maritime areas that are an integral part of the maritime boundaries of the Sudanese Halaeb Triangle, in consonance with the Sudan's complaint deposited with the UNSC since 1958, and which the Sudan has been renewing annually, and all the correspondences between the Government of the Sudan and the UN Secretary General and the UNSC, on the repeated attacks on the land and people of the Haleaeb Triangle by the Egyptian Occupying Authorities.

Based on the provisions of International Law, notably the Vienne Convention on Agreements of 1969, the Republic of the Sudan reaffirms that it does not

recognize any legal results of the agreement between the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and the Arab Republic of Egypt on the delimitation of the maritime boundaries between them on the Red Sea and which jeopardized the sovereignty of the Republic of the Sudan and it s historical land and maritime boundaries of the Halaeb Triangle.

The Republic of the Sudan, therefore, rejects and does not recognize and legal or sovereign measures that are taken by virtue of the occupation of the Arab Republic of Egypt to the land and Maritimes zones of the Halaeb Triangle.

The maritime areas included in the agreements signed between the **Kingdom Of Saudi Arabia** and the **Arab Republic of Egypt**, which the Republic of the Sudan rejected, in accordance with the High Geodetic System 84 (WGS-84) and shall include the following points:

Point Co	Latitude	Longitude
<b>55</b>	23' 17' 27.65	37' 09' 52.12"
<b>56</b>	22' 58' 30.47	37' 29' 43.99"
<b>57</b>	22' 48' 21.65	37' 38' 53.66"
58	22' 37' 01.57	37' 44' 13.38"
<b>59</b>	22' 29' 54.83	37' 47' 26.12"
60	22' 17' 32.73	37' 53' 10.70"
61	22' 00' 00.00	37' 53' 43.70"

And based on the position of the Republic of Sudan declared rejecting the occupation of the Arab Republic of Egypt over the land and sea territory of the triangle Halaib

The Republic of the Sudan does not recognize any measures or legal obligations of any other party as a result of this Agreement, which affects the sovereignty and historical rights of Sudan in the Halaib Triangle.

## Issued by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Sudan

on 05 December 2017

