

Law of the Sea Information Circular



No. 8

November 1998

Division for Ocean Affairs and the Law of the Sea Office of Legal Affairs

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<u>CIRCULAR</u> IS REPRODUCED IN WHOLE OR IN PART, DUE ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

SHOULD BE GIVEN TO

THE DIVISION FOR OCEAN AFFAIRS AND THE LAW OF THE SEA, OFFICE OF LEGAL AFFAIRS, UNITED NATIONS SECRETARIAT

FOREWORD

This is the eighth issue of the Law of the Sea Information Circular (LOSIC), a periodic publication of the Division for Ocean Affairs and the Law of the Sea (DOALOS), Office of Legal Affairs. Its objective is to communicate to all States and entities information on any action taken by States Parties in implementing the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea (the Convention), as well as on activities undertaken by DOALOS pursuant thereto.

The purpose of LOSIC is also to assist States Parties to the Convention to discharge their obligations by giving due publicity to information in accordance with the Convention. This is of particular importance to coastal States, which are obliged under the Convention, inter alia, to give due publicity with regard to (i) charts and lists of geographical coordinates (articles 16(2), 47(9), 75(2), 76(9) and 84(2)); (ii) laws and regulations relating to innocent passage (article 21(3)); and (iii) laws and regulations of States bordering straits relating to transit passage (article 42(3)).

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A. Status of the Convention and Agreements

1 Table showing the status of the Convention and of the Agreement relating to the implementation of Part XI of the Convention, as at 16 November 1998

		ations Convention on Agreement relating to the implement Law of the Sea Part XI of the Convention		eement relating to the implementation of Part XI of the Convention
State or entity 1/	Signature (with 🗅 / without 🔑 declaration)	Date of ratification; formal confirmation(fc); Accession(a); succession(s); (\(\triangle \) declaration)	Signature	Ratification; formal confirmation(fc); accession(a); definitive signature(ds); participation(p); <u>2</u> / simplified procedure (sp); <u>3</u> /
Afghanistan	P			
Albania				
Algeria	D	□11 June 1996	D	11 June 1996 (p)
Andorra				
Angola	D	5 December 1990		
Antigua and Barbuda	0	2 February 1989		1005
Argentina	0	□1 December 1995	acco	1 December 1995
Armenia				50
Australia	Ø	5 October 1994	100	5 October 1994
Austria	D	□14 July 1995	ac S	14 July 1995
Azerbaijan				20.11.100
Bahamas	Ø	29 July 1983	ACC .	28 July 1995
Bahrain	Ø	30 May 1985	<u> </u>	
Bangladesh	Ø		 _	00 11 1007 ()
Barbados	B	12 October 1993	B	28 July 1995 (sp)
Belarus	<u>D</u>		1-2	1000
Belgium	D	□13 November 1998	10	13 November 1998
Belize	e Co	13 August 1983		21 October 1994 (ds)
Benin	B	16 October 1997		16 October 1997 (p)
Bhutan	B			20 A 3 4 5 5 5 (m)
Bolivia	D	28 April 1995		28 April 1995 (p)
Bosnia and Herzegovina		12 January 1994 (s)		

- 1/ The italicised text indicates non-members of the United Nations
- 2/ States bound by the Agreement by having ratified, acceded or succeeded to the Convention under article 4, paragraph 1, of the Agreement
- 3/ States bound by the Agreement under the simplified procedure set out in article 5 of the Agreement.

Ĭ

	United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea		Ag	Agreement relating to the implementation of Part XI of the Convention		
	1110	Date of ratification;	1	Part AI of the Convention		
	Signature (with 🗅 /	formal confirmation(fc); Accession(a);	Signature	Ratification; formal confirmation(fc);		
	without A	succession(s);	l iii	accession(a); definitive signature(ds); participation(p);2/		
State or entity 1/	declaration)	(🗅 declaration)	S	simplified procedure (sp); 3/		
Botswana		2 May 1990				
Brazil	D	□22 December 1988	B			
Brunei Darussalam		5 November 1996		5 November 1996 (p)		
Bulgaria		15 May 1996		15 May 1996 (a)		
Burkina Faso	20		B			
Burundi	all a					
Cambodia	250					
Cameroon	Ø	19 November 1985	1			
Canada	0		1			
Cape Verde		🖸 10 August 1987	0			
Central African Republic	P	<u> </u>	1			
Chad	20		1			
Chile	Ď	□25 August 1997	 	25 August 1997 (a)		
China	A	D7 June 1996		7 June 1996 (p)		
Colombia	P	THE TANK OF THE PARTY OF THE PA		v orne 1990 (b)		
Comoros	0	21 June 1994				
Congo	0		 			
Cook Islands	0	15 February 1995	╁═╌┼	15 February 1995 (a)		
Costa Rica	<u>o</u>	21 September 1992	\vdash	in teninal (1997 /q)		
Côte d'Ivoire	0	26 March 1984	Ø	28 July 1995 (sp)		
Croatia		□5 April 1995 (s)	-	5 April 1995 (p)		
Cuba	<u>O</u>	□15 August 1984		9 Whiti 1999 /ht		
Cyprus	P	12 December 1988	Ø	27 July 1995		
Czech Republic	B	©21 June 1996	0	21 June 1996		
Democratic People's Republic of Korea	P			21 June 1330		
Democratic Republic of the Congo	P	17 February 1989				
Denmark			Ø			
Djibauti	P	8 October 1991	-			
Dominica Dominica	0	24 October 1991				
Dominican Republic	-	24 OCTOBR 1991				
Ecuador						
Egypt		□26 August 1983	Ø			
El Salvador		□\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\				
Equatorial Guinea		21 July 1997		D4 (-1, 1007)		
Eritrea Evillea		21 July 1997		21 July 1997 (p)		
Estonia						
Ethiopia	*					

	1	tions Convention on Law of the Sea	Ag	reement relating to the implementation of Part XI of the Convention
State or entity <u>1</u> /	Signature (with D / without A declaration)	Date of ratification; formal confirmation(fc); Accession(a); succession(s); (() declaration)	Signature	Ratification; formal confirmation(fc); accession(a); definitive signature(ds); participation(p);2/ simplified procedure (sp); 3/
European Community		1 April 1998 (fc)	0	1 April 1998(fc)
Fili	_s	10 December 1982	Ø	28 July 1995
Finland	D	□21 June 1996	B	21 June 1996
France	0	□11 April 1996	0	11 April 1996
Gabon	Ø	11 March 1998	Ø	11 March 1998 (p)
Gambia	0	22 May 1984		
Georgia		21 March 1996 (a)		21 March 1996 (p)
Germany		□14 October 1994 (a)	D	14 October 1994
Ghana	0	7 June 1983		
Greece	Δ	□21 July 1995	aco.	21 July 1995
Grenada	Ø	25 April 1991	0	28 July 1995 (sp)
Guatemala	NO SE	□11 February 1997		11 February 1997 (p)
Guinea	D	6 September 1985	B	28 July 1995 (sp)
Guinea-Bissau	0	🗅 25 August 1986		
Guyana	Ø	16 November 1993		
Haiti	Ø	31 July 1996		31 July 1996 (p)
Holy See				
Honduras	P	5 October 1993		
Hungary	B			
Iceland	0	△21 June 1985	B	28 July 1995 (sp)
India	0	□29 June 1995	B	29 June 1995
Indonesia	0	3 February 1986	B	
Iran (Islamic Republic of)	0		ļ	
Iraq		30 July 1985		
Ireland	8	□21 June 1996	D	21 June 1996
Israel				100
Italy		□13 January 1995	B	13 January 1995
Jamaica	0	21 March 1983	P	28 July 1995 (sp)
Japan	B	20 June 1996	B	20 June 1996
<u>Jordan</u>		27 November 1995 (a)		27 November 1995 (p)
Kazakhstan	1	0.05	<u> </u>	20 1.4. 1004 (J-)
Kenya	P	2 March 1989		29 July 1994 (ds)
Kiribati	100	[30.841000	-	
Kuwait		□2 May 1986		
Kyrgyzstan Lao People's Democratic Republic	0	5 June 1998	8	5 June 1998 (p)
Latvia				
Lebanon	B	5 January 1995	************	5 January 1995 (p)

	United Nations Convention on			Agreement relating to the implementation of		
	the Law of the Sea		Part XI of the Convention			
		Date of ratification;				
	Signature	formal confirmation(fc);	Signature	Ratification; formal confirmation(fc);		
	(with D /	Accession(a);	曹	accession(a);		
0	without 🗸	succession(s);	Sg	definitive signature(ds); participation(p); <u>2</u> /		
State or entity 1	declaration)	(🗅 declaration)	l	simplified procedure (sp); 3/		
Lesotho						
Liberia	200					
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	0					
Liechtenstein	sC2					
Lithuania						
Luxembourg			ø			
Madagascar						
Malawi	A P					
Malaysia	0	□14 October 1996	D.	14 October 1996 (p)		
Maldives	ACP.		ACT	15 (
Mali	D	16 July 1985				
Malta	ACO .	□20 May 1993	B	26 June 1996		
Marshall Islands		9 August 1991 (a)				
Mauritania	aCC	17 July 1996	NO.	17 July 1996 (p)		
Mauritius	200	4 November 1994		4 November 1994 (p)		
Mexico	200	18 March 1983		The state of the s		
Micronesia (Federated		29 April 1991 (a)	ASS.	6 September 1995		
States of)		•				
Monaco	a Co	20 March 1996	10	20 March 1996 (p)		
Mongolia	200	13 August 1996	aCP	13 August 1996 (p)		
Morocco	Ø		10			
Mozambique	acco.	13 March 1997		13 March 1997 (a)		
Myanmar	200	21 May 1996		21 May 1996 (a)		
Namibia	Ø	18 April 1983	A	28 July 1995 (sp)		
Nauru	.60	23 January 1996		23 January 1996 (p)		
Nepal	a Cor	2 November 1998		2 November 1998 (p)		
Netherlands	Ø	□28 June 1996	0	28 June 1996		
New Zealand	Ø	19 July 1996	B	19 July 1996		
Nicaragua	<u> </u>					
Niger	Ø					
Nigeria	£	14 August 1986	B	28 July 1995 (sp)		
Niue	Ø					
Norway	Ø	□24 June 1996		24 June 1996 (a)		
Oman	0	©17 August 1989		26 February 1997 (a)		
Pakistan	a so	□26 February 1997	P	26 February 1997 (p)		
Palau		30 September 1996 (a)		30 September 1996 (p)		
Panama	A .	□1 July 1996	1	1 July 1996 (p)		
Papua New Guinea	Ø	14 January 1997		14 January 1997 (p)		
Paraguay	Ø	26 September 1986	A	10 July 1995		

		United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea		eement relating to the implementation of Part XI of the Convention
State or entity <u>1</u> /	Signature (with 🗅 / without 🖋 declaration)	Date of ratification; formal confirmation(fc); Accession(a); succession(s); (\(\D\) declaration)	Signature	Ratification; formal confirmation(fc); accession(a); definitive signature(ds); participation(p); <u>2</u> / simplified procedure (sp); <u>3</u> /
Peru				
Philippines	0	□8 May 1984	all I	23 July 1997
Poland	ALC .	13 November 1998	B	13 November 1998
Portugal	B	□3 November 1997	200	3 November 1997
Qatar	D			4000
Republic of Korea	Ø	29 January 1996	100	29 January 1996
Republic of Moldova				1772
Romania	D	□17 December 1996		17 December 1996 (a)
Russian Federation	D	🗅 12 March 1997		12 March 1997 (a)
Rwanda	Ø			
Saint Kitts and Nevis	Ø	7 January 1993		
Saint Lucia	,e0	27 March 1985		
Saint Vincent and	,O	1 October 1993		
the Grenadines			-	14 August 100E (a)
Samoa	Ø	14 August 1995	B	14 August 1995 (p)
San Marino			_	
Sao Tome and Principe	D	3 November 1987		24 April 1006 (n)
Saudi Arabia	200	□24 April 1996	0	24 April 1996 (p)
Senegal	sco .	25 October 1984	B	25 July 1995 15 December 1994
Seychelles	0	16 September 1991	200	15 December 1994 (p)
Sierra Leone	<i>20</i>	12 December 1994		12 December 1994 (p)
Singapore	LP .	17 November 1994	I.O	
Slovakia	P	8 May 1996		8 May 1996 16 June 1995
Slovenia		□16 June 1995 (s)	Ø	23 June 1997 (p)
Solomon Islands	.0	23 June 1997		Z3 Julie 1997 (p)
Somalia	, o	24 July 1989	100	23 December 1997
South Africa	<u> </u>	□23 December 1997	10	23 December 1997 15 January 1997
Spain	<u>D</u>	□15 January 1997	100	28 July 1995 (sp)
Sri Lanka	.0	19 July 1994	100	20 Jaily 1990 (2h)
Sudan	D	23 January 1985		9 July 1998 (p)
Suriname	- 2	9 July 1998		9 July 1990 (h)
Swaziland	B			25 June 1006
Sweden		□25 June 1996		25 June 1996
Switzerland	Ø		200	
Syrian Arab Republic				
Tajikistan				
Thailand			_	10 A 100 A (n)
The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia		19 August 1994 (s)		19 August 1994 (p)

	United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea			Agreement relating to the implementation of Part XI of the Convention		
State or entity <u>1</u> /	Signature (with 🗅 / without 🔑 declaration)	Date of ratification; formal confirmation(fc); Accession(a); succession(s); (\(\D\) declaration\)	Signature	Ratification; formal confirmation(fc); accession(a); definitive signature(ds); participation(p);2/ simplified procedure (sp); <u>3</u> /		
Togo	,D	16 April 1985	Ø	28 July 1995 (sp)		
Tonga		2 August 1995 (a)		2 August 1995 (p)		
Trinidad and Tobago	ACO .	25 April 1986	£	28 July 1995 (sp)		
Tunisia	_e Ø	□24 April 1985	de			
Turkey						
Turkmenistan						
Tuvalu	20					
Uganda	Ø	9 November 1990	d d	28 July 1995 (sp)		
Ukraine			al Co			
United Arab Emirates	ACC.					
United Kingdom		□25 July 1997 (a)	Ø	25 July 1997		
United Republic of Tanzania	Ø	□30 September 1985	0	25 June 1998		
United States of America			Ø			
Uruguay		🗅 10 December 1992	N. Co			
Uzbekistan						
Vanuatu	P		100			
Venezuela						
Viet Nam	Ø	□25 July 1994				
Yemen		□21 July 1987				
Yugoslavia	R	□5 May 1986	Ø	28 July 1995 (sp)		
Zambia	ø	7 March 1983	P	28 July 1995 (sp)		
Zimbabwe	P	24 February 1993	D	28 July 1995 (sp)		
TOTALS	158	130	79	94		

Note concerning the Agreement relating to the implementation of Part XI of the Convention and the membership on a provisional basis in the International Seabed Authority:

The provisional application of the Agreement terminated on the date of its entry into force, 28 July 1996. In accordance with the provisions of the Agreement, States and entities which had been applying it provisionally, and for which it was not yet in force, were able to continue to be members of the Authority on a provisional basis pending its entry into force for those States and entities. To continue provisional membership, they were required to send a written notification to the Secretary-General of the United Nations and, after 16 November 1996, could retain that status up to 16 November 1998 on the basis of a decision of the Council of the International Seabed Authority. The Council approved the extension of the provisional membership of a number of States. Eight of those States (Bangladesh, Belarus, Canada, Qatar, Switzerland, Ukraine, United Arab Emirates and United States of America) having not yet become parties to the Convention and the Agreement, ceased to be members of the Authority on a provisional basis on 16 November 1998.

2. Settlement of disputes mechanism

(a) Choice of procedure by States Parties under article 287 of the Convention

The following choices were expressed in declarations made in accordance with article 287, in the order presented by each State mentioned:

Algeria accepts the jurisdiction of the International Court of Justice only with a prior agreement between the parties concerned in each case;

2. Argentina

- (a) International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea;
- (b) Special arbitral tribunal under Annex VIII;

Austria

- (a) International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea;
- (b) Special arbitral tribunal under Annex VIII;
- (c) International Court of Justice;

4. Belgium

International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea or the International Court of Justice;

5 Cape Verde

- (a) International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea;
- (b) International Court of Justice;

Chile

- (a) International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea;
- (b) Special arbitral tribunal under Annex VIII;
- 7. Cuba rejects the jurisdiction of the International Court of Justice for any types of disputes;

8. Egypt

Arbitral tribunal under Annex VII;

9. Finland

International Court of Justice and the International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea;

10. Germany

- (a) International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea;
- (b) Arbitral tribunal under Annex VII;
- (c) International Court of Justice;

11. Greece

International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea;

- Guinea-Bissau rejects the jurisdiction of the International Court of Justice for any types of disputes;
- 13. Italy

International Court of Justice and the International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea;

14. Netherlands

International Court of Justice;

15 Norway

International Court of Justice;

- 16. Oman
 - (a) International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea;
 - (b) International Court of Justice;
- 17. Portugal
 - (a) International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea;
 - (b) International Court of Justice;
 - (c) Arbitral tribunal under Annex VII;
 - (d) Special arbitral tribunal under Annex VIII;
- 18. Spain

International Court of Justice;

19. Sweden

International Court of Justice;

20. United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland

International Court of Justice;

21 United Republic of Tanzania

International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea;

22 Uruguay

International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea.

(b) Optional exceptions to applicability of Part XV, Section 2, of the Convention

Article 298, paragraph 1, allows States and entities to declare that they exclude the application of the compulsory binding procedures for the settlement of disputes under the Convention in respect of certain specified categories of disputes

Article 298, paragraph 1, reads as follows:

Article 298

Optional exceptions to applicability of section 2

- 1 When signing, ratifying or acceding to this Convention or at any time thereafter, a State may, without prejudice to the obligations arising under section 1, declare in writing that it does not accept any one or more of the procedures provided for in section 2 with respect to one or more of the following categories of disputes:
- (a) (i) disputes concerning the interpretation or application of articles 15, 74 and 83 relating to sea boundary delimitations, or those involving historic bays or titles, provided that a State having made such a declaration shall, when such a dispute arises subsequent to the entry into force of this Convention and where no agreement within a reasonable period of time is reached in negotiations between the parties, at the request of any party to the dispute, accept submission of the matter to conciliation under Annex V, section 2; and provided further that any dispute that necessarily involves the concurrent consideration of any unsettled dispute concerning sovereignty or other rights over continental or insular land territory shall be excluded form such submission;
- (ii) after the conciliation commission has presented its report, which shall state the reasons on which it is based, the parties shall negotiate an agreement on the basis of that report; if these negotiations do not result in an agreement, the parties shall, by mutual consent, submit the question to one of the procedures provided for in section 2, unless the parties otherwise agree;
- (iii) this subparagraph does not apply to any sea boundary dispute finally settled by an arrangement between the parties, or to any such dispute which is to be settled in accordance with a bilateral or multilateral agreement binding upon those parties;
- (b) disputes concerning military activities, including military activities by government vessels and aircraft engaged in noncommercial service, and disputes concerning law enforcement activities in regard to the exercise of sovereign rights or jurisdiction excluded from the jurisdiction of a court or tribunal under article 297, paragraph 2 or 3;
- (c) disputes in respect of which the Security Council of the United Nations is exercising the functions assigned to it by the Charter of the United Nations, unless the Security Council decides to remove the matter from its agenda or calls upon the parties to settle it by the means provided for in this Convention

The following States made declarations in order to exclude applicability of Part XV, Section 2, of the Convention with respect to one or more categories of disputes, as indicated:

Argentina - with respect to the disputes specified in article 298, paragraph 1 (a), (b) and (c), of the

Convention;

Cape Verde - with respect to disputes concerning military activities, including military activities by

Government-operated vessels and aircraft engaged in non-commercial service, as well as disputes concerning law enforcement activities in regard to the exercise of sovereign rights or jurisdiction excluded from the jurisdiction of a court or tribunal under article 297, paragraphs

2 and 3, of the Convention;

Chile - with respect to the disputes referred to in article 298, paragraphs 1 (a), (b) and (c) of the

Convention;

France - with respect to disputes concerning the interpretation or application of articles 15, 74 and 83

relating to sea boundary delimitations, or those involving historic bays or titles; disputes concerning military activities, including military activities by government vessels and aircraft engaged in non-commercial service, and disputes concerning law enforcement activities in regard to the exercise of sovereign rights or jurisdiction excluded from the jurisdiction of a

court or tribunal under article 297, paragraph 2 or 3; and disputes in respect of which the Security Council of the United Nations is exercising the functions assigned to it by the Charter of the United Nations, unless the Security Council decides to remove the matter from its agenda or calls upon the parties to settle it by the means provided for in the Convention; with respect to disputes concerning the interpretation of articles 15, 74 and 83 relating to sea

boundary delimitations as well as those involving historic bays or titles;

- with respect to one or more of the categories specified in Article 298 (a) (b) (c) of this

Convention;

Italy

Portugal

Tunisia

Russian
- with respect to disputes concerning the interpretation or application of articles 15, 74 and 83

Federation
of the Convention, relating to sea boundary delimitations, or those involving historic bays or titles; disputes concerning military activities, including military activities by government vessels and aircraft, and disputes concerning law-enforcement activities in regard to the

exercise of sovereign rights or jurisdiction; and disputes in respect of which the Security Council of the United Nations is exercising the functions assigned to it by the Charter of the

United Nations;

- with respect to the categories of disputes referred to in article 298, paragraphs 1 (a), (b) and

(c) of the Convention;

Uruguay - in respect of disputes concerning law enforcement activities in regard to the exercise of

sovereign rights or jurisdiction excluded from the jurisdiction of a court or tribunal under

article 297, paragraphs 2 and 3.

In addition, the following States, while not excluding applicability of Part XV, Section 2, of the Convention with respect to the categories of disputes referred to in article 298, paragraph 1, made declarations regarding their preferences for one or more of the procedures or non-acceptance thereof, as indicated:

Cuba Does not accept the jurisdiction of the International Court of Justice with respect to the

provisions of articles 297 and 298

Guinea-Bissau Does not accept the jurisdiction of the International Court of Justice with respect to articles

297 and 298;

Iceland Declared that under article 298 of the Convention the right is reserved that any interpretation

of article 83 shall be submitted to conciliation under Annex V, section 2, of the Convention;

Norway Does not accept an arbitral tribunal constituted in accordance with Annex VII for any of the

categories of disputes mentioned in Article 298;

3 Table showing the status of the Agreement for the implementation of the provisions of the Convention relating to the conservation and management of straddling fish stocks and highly migratory fish stocks, as at 30 November 1998

State or <i>entity</i> <u>1</u>	Signature <u>2/</u> (Ddeclaration / statement)	Provisional application as of	Ratification; accession(a) <u>3</u> / (()declaration)
Afghanistan			
Albania			
Algeria ☑			
Andorra			
Angola ☑			
Antigua and Barbuda ☑			
Argentina 🗹	4 December 1995		
Armenia			
Australia 🗹	4 December 1995		
Austria ☑	27 June 1996		
Azerbaijan			
Bahamas 🗹			16 January 1997(a)
Bahrain ☑			
Bangladesh	4 December 1995		
Barbados 🖾			
Belarus			
Belgium 🗹	3 October 1996		
Belize ☑	4 December 1995		
Benin 🗹			
Bhutan			
Bolivja 🗹			
Bosnia and Herzegovina 🗹			
Botswana 🗹			
Brazil 🗹	4 December 1995		
Brunei Darussalam 🗹			
Bulgaria ☑			
Burkina Faso	15 October 1996		

1/ States or entities which are Parties to the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea of 10 December 1982. The *italicised text* indicates non-members of the United Nations.

Land-locked States.

- In accordance with its article 37, the Agreement was opened for signature at United Nations Headquarters from 4 December 1995 until 4 December 1996 by all States and the other entities referred to in article 305 (1) (a), (c), (d), (e) and (f) of the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea of 10 December 1982.
- 3' In accordance with its article 40, the Agreement shall enter into force 30 days after the date of deposit of the thirtieth instrument of ratification or accession.

State or <i>entity</i> 1	Signature <u>2/</u> (⊡declaration / statement)	Provisional application as of	Ratification; accession(a) <u>3/</u> (⊡declaration)
Burundi			
Cambodia			
Cameroon 🗹			
Canada	4 December 1995		
Cape Verde ☑			
Central African Republic			
Chad			
Chile ☑			
China ☑	□6 November 1996		
Colombia			
Comoros ☑			
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Greece 🗹	27 June 1996		
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TOTALS:	59		18

B Resolutions adopted by the United Nations General Assembly

1 Resolution 52/251 - Agreement on cooperation and relationship between the United Nations and the International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea

On 8 September 1998, the General Assembly adopted draft resolution A/52/L 80 concerning the Agreement on cooperation and relationship between the United Nations and the International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea as resolution 52/251. (The resolution is not reprinted in this Circular; see document A/52/L 80 of 31 August 1998; also available on "Oceans and Law of the Sea" Web site (www.un.org/Depts/los), under Documents and Publications).

2. Resolution 53/32 - Oceans and the law of the sea

The General Assembly,

Recalling its resolutions 49/28 of 6 December 1994, 50/23 of 5 December 1995, 51/34 of 9 December 1996 and 52/26 of 26 November 1997 adopted subsequent to the entry into force of the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea1 ("the Convention") on 16 November 1994,

Recalling also its resolution 2749 (XXV) of 17 December 1970, and considering that the Convention, together with the Agreement relating to the implementation of Part XI of the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea of 10 December 1982 ("the Agreement"),2 provides the regime to be applied to the Area and its resources as defined in the Convention.

Emphasizing the universal character of the Convention and its fundamental importance for the maintenance and strengthening of international peace and security, as well as for the sustainable use and

1 Official Records of the Third United Nations Conference on the Law of the Sea. vol. XVII (United Nations publication. Sales No. E 84 V.3). document A/CONF 62/122

2 Resolution 48/263. annex

development of the seas and oceans and their resources,

Conscious that the problems of ocean space are closely interrelated and need to be considered as a whole.

Noting with satisfaction that oceans and seas will be the sectoral theme discussed at the seventh session of the Commission on Sustainable Development, in 1999.

Reaffirming the strategic importance of the Convention as a framework for national, regional and global action in the marine sector, as recognized also by the United Nations Conference on Environment and Development in chapter 17 of Agenda 21,3 as well as in the Programme for the Further Implementation of Agenda 21, in particular paragraph 36 thereof dealing with oceans and seas,4

Recalling that, by its resolution 49/131 of 19 December 1994, it proclaimed 1998 the International Year of the Ocean,

Noting with satisfaction the increase in the number of States parties to the Convention and the Agreement,

Recognizing the impact on States of the entry into force of the Convention and the Agreement and the increasing need, particularly of developing States, for advice and assistance in their implementation in order to benefit thereunder,

Taking note with concern of the financial situation of the International Seabed Authority and of the International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea,

Conscious of the need to promote and facilitate international cooperation, especially at the subregional and regional levels, in order to ensure the orderly and sustainable development of the uses and resources of the seas and oceans,

- Report of the United Nations Conference on Environment and Development. Rio de Janeiro. 3-14 June 1992 (United Nations publication. Sales No. E.93 18 and corrigenda), vol. I: Resolutions adopted by the Conference, resolution 1, annex II
- 4 Resolution S-19/2, annex

Conscious also of the importance of education and training in the field of ocean affairs and the law of the sea,

Taking account of the importance of reliable hydrographic and nautical information to enhance the safety of navigation,

Expressing its concern at the increasing threat to shipping from piracy and armed robbery at sea and its appreciation and support for the ongoing work of the International Maritime Organization in this area,

Expressing its appreciation once again to the Secretary-General for his efforts in support of the Convention and in its effective implementation, including providing assistance in the functioning of the institutions created by the Convention,

Noting the responsibilities of the Secretary-General under the Convention and related resolutions of the General Assembly, in particular resolutions 49/28 and 52/26, and emphasizing the importance of the performance of such responsibilities for the effective and consistent implementation of the Convention,

Taking note of the report of the Secretary-General,5 and reaffirming the importance of the annual consideration and review by the General Assembly of the overall developments pertaining to the implementation of the Convention, as well as of other developments relating to the law of the sea and ocean affairs,

- 1. Calls upon all States that have not done so, in order to achieve the goal of universal participation, to become parties to the Convention and the Agreement;
- 2 Reaffirms the unified character of the Convention;
- 3. Calls upon States to harmonize as a matter of priority their national legislation with the provisions of the Convention, to ensure the consistent application of those provisions and to ensure also that any declarations or statements that they have made or make when signing, ratifying or acceding are in conformity with the Convention and to withdraw any

of their declarations or statements that are not in conformity;

- 4. Encourages States parties to the Convention to deposit with the Secretary-General charts and lists of geographical coordinates, as provided for in the Convention:
- 5 Requests the Secretary-General to convene the Meeting of States Parties to the Convention in New York from 19 to 28 May 1999, during which, on 24 May 1999, the election of seven judges of the International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea ("the Tribunal") will take place;
- 6. Notes with satisfaction that the Tribunal, established in accordance with Annex VI to the Convention as a new means for the settlement of disputes concerning the interpretation or application of the Convention and the Agreement, delivered its first judgement on 4 December 1997;
- 7. Encourages States parties to the Convention to consider making a written declaration choosing from the means set out in article 287 of the Convention for the settlement of disputes concerning the interpretation or application of the Convention and the Agreement, and invites States to note the provisions of Annexes V, VI, VII and VIII to the Convention concerning, respectively, conciliation, the Tribunal, arbitration and special arbitration;
- 8. Requests the Secretary-General to circulate lists of conciliators and arbitrators drawn up and maintained in accordance with Annexes V and VII to the Convention and to update these lists accordingly;
- 9. Notes with satisfaction the progress in the work of the International Seabed Authority ("the Authority"), and emphasizes the importance of continued progress towards the adoption of the regulations on prospecting and exploration for polymetallic nodules;
- 10. Notes with appreciation the adoption of the Agreement concerning the Relationship between the United Nations and the Authority and the Agreement on Cooperation and Relationship between the United Nations and the Tribunal;
- 11. Appeals to all members of the Authority and all States parties to the Convention to pay their assessed contributions to the Authority and to the Tribunal, respectively, in full and on time in order to

ensure that they are able to carry out their functions as provided for in the Convention;

- 12. Notes with satisfaction the progress in the work of the Commission on the Limits of the Continental Shelf ("the Commission") during its third6 and fourth7 sessions, held in May and August/September 1998, in adopting its rules of procedure and in adopting provisionally its scientific and technical guidelines aimed at assisting States to prepare their submissions regarding the outer limits of their continental shelf;
- 13. Approves the convening by the Secretary-General of the fifth and sixth sessions of the Commission in New York from 3 to 14 May and from 30 August to 3 September 1999, respectively;
- 14. Expresses its appreciation to the Secretary-General for the annual comprehensive report on oceans and the law of the sea5 and for the activities of the Division for Ocean Affairs and the Law of the Sea of the Office of Legal Affairs of the Secretariat, in accordance with the provisions of the Convention and the mandate set forth in resolutions 49/28 and 52/26;
- 15. Requests the Secretary-General to ensure that the institutional capacity of the Organization adequately responds to the needs of States, the newly established institutions under the Convention and other competent international organizations by providing advice and assistance, taking into account the special needs of developing countries;
- 16. Also requests the Secretary-General to continue to carry out the responsibilities entrusted to him in the Convention and related resolutions of the General Assembly, including those mentioned in paragraph 11 of resolution 52/26, and to ensure that the performance of such activities is not adversely affected by savings as may be realized under the approved budget for the Organization;
- 17. Notes with appreciation the continued efforts of the Division for Ocean Affairs and the Law of the Sea to provide timely information on the
 - € CLCS/7
 - Z CLCS/9

- oceans, marine affairs and the law of the sea through its Web site on the Internet;8
- 18. Reaffirms the importance of ensuring the uniform and consistent application of the Convention and a coordinated approach to its overall implementation, and of strengthening technical cooperation and financial assistance for this purpose, stresses once again the continuing importance of the efforts of the Secretary-General to these ends, and reiterates its invitation to the competent international organizations and other international bodies to support these objectives;
- 19. Invites Member States and others in a position to do so to contribute to the further development of the Hamilton Shirley Amerasinghe Memorial Fellowship Programme on the Law of the Sea established by the General Assembly in resolution 35/116 of 10 December 1980, and to support the training activities under the TRAIN-SEA-COAST programme of the Division for Ocean Affairs and the Law of the Sea of the Office of Legal Affairs;
- 20. Notes with interest the ongoing work of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization towards a convention for the implementation of the provisions of the Convention, relating to the protection of the underwater cultural heritage, and stresses the importance of ensuring that the instrument to be elaborated is in full conformity with the relevant provisions of the Convention;
- 21. Invites States to cooperate in carrying out hydrographic surveys and nautical services for the purpose of ensuring safe navigation as well as to ensure the greatest uniformity in charts and nautical publications and to coordinate their activities so that hydrographic and nautical information is made available on a worldwide scale;
- 22. Urges all States, in particular coastal States in affected regions, to take all necessary and appropriate measures to prevent and combat incidents of piracy and armed robbery at sea and to investigate or cooperate in the investigation of such incidents wherever they occur and bring the alleged
 - 8 www.un.org/Depts/los.

perpetrators to justice, in accordance with international law;

- 23. Calls upon States to cooperate fully with the International Maritime Organization to combat piracy and armed robbery against ships, including by submitting reports on incidents to that Organization;
- 24. Takes note of the work of the Independent World Commission on the Oceans, and of its report entitled The Ocean Our Future, and welcomes its issuance in the context of the International Year of the Ocean;
- 25. Reaffirms its decision to undertake an annual review and evaluation of the implementation of the Convention and other developments relating to ocean affairs and the law of the sea;
- 26. Reaffirms also its decision, in resolution S-19/2 of 28 June 1997, to consider the results of the review by the Commission on Sustainable Development of the sectoral theme of oceans and seas in 1999, under its agenda item "Oceans and the law of the sea";
- 27. Requests the Secretary-General to report to the General Assembly at its fifty-fourth session on the implementation of the present resolution, including other developments and issues relating to ocean affairs and the law of the sea, in connection with his annual comprehensive report on oceans and the law of the sea, and to circulate the report sufficiently in advance of consideration by the General Assembly of the item concerning oceans and the law of the sea;
- 28. Decides to include in the provisional agenda of its fifty-fourth session the item entitled "Oceans and the law of the sea".

69th plenary meeting 24 November 1998

3. Resolution 53/33 - Large-scale pelagic drift-net fishing; unauthorized fishing in zones of national jurisdiction and on the high seas, fisheries by-catch and discards, and other developments

The General Assembly,

Reaffirming its resolutions 52/29 of 26 November 1997, 51/36 of 9 December 1996, 49/118 and 49/116 of 19 December 1994 and 46/215 of 20 December 1991, as well as other relevant resolutions, relating to large-scale

pelagic drift-net fishing; unauthorized fishing in zones of national jurisdiction and on the high seas, fisheries by-catch and discards, and other developments

Taking note with appreciation of the report of the Secretary-General on large-scale pelagic drift-net fishing, unauthorized fishing in zones of national jurisdiction and on the high seas, fisheries by-catch and discards, and other developments.¹

Emphasizing the useful role that report plays in bringing together information relating to the sustainable development of the world's marine living resources, provided by States, relevant intergovernmental organizations, regional and subregional fisheries organizations, and non-governmental organizations,

Noting with satisfaction that, while significant work remains, interested parties have made real progress towards sustainable fisheries management,

Welcoming the progress in organizing new regional organizations and arrangements in several heretofore unmanaged fisheries,

Noting that the secretariat of the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations stated that 60 170 per cent of world fisheries are either fully exploited or overfished, and encouraging the current intergovernmental negotiating process going on at the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations to address, in this context, the issue of fishing overcapacity,

Noting with concern the reports of continued loss of seabirds, particularly albatross, as a result of incidental mortality from longline fishing operations, and the loss of other marine species, including sharks and finfish species, as a result of incidental mortality,

Conscious of the need to promote and facilitate international cooperation, especially at the regional and subregional levels, in order to ensure the sustainable development and use of the living marine resources of the world's oceans and seas, consistent with the present resolution and with the duties of States to cooperate in the conservation and management of marine living resources, in accordance with the provisions of the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea,²

- A/53/473
- 2 Official Records of the Third United Nations Conference on the Law

Once again expressing concern at the impact of largescale drift-net fishing on the marine living resources of the oceans and seas, and noting that there are continuing reports of activities inconsistent with the terms of resolution 46/215,

Concerned also to ensure that the implementation of resolution 46/215 in some parts of the world does not result in the transfer to other parts of the world of driftnets which contravene the resolution,

Expressing concern at the detrimental impact of unauthorized fishing in areas under national jurisdiction on the sustainable development of the world's fishery resources and on the food security and economies of many States, particularly developing States, and the continuing reports of unauthorized fishing activities, inconsistent with the terms of resolution 49/116, in zones of national jurisdiction,

Recalling that, pursuant to a proposal made at the twenty-second session of the Committee on fisheries of the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations in March 1997, the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations agreed to organize an expert consultation to develop and propose guidelines leading to a plan of action aiming at a reduction in the incidental catch of sea birds, to organize an expert consultation to develop and propose guidelines leading to a plan of action for the conservation and effective management of shark populations, and to hold a technical consultation on the management of fishing capacity to draft guidelines for the control and management of fishing capacities,

Noting with satisfaction that the Consultation on Management of Fishing Capacity, Shark Fisheries and the Incidental Catch of Sea Birds, held from 26 to 30 October 1998, and its preparatory meeting, held in July 1998, produced draft plans of action or elements thereof for approval at the February 1999 meeting of the Committee on Fisheries,

Recognizing the importance of the Agreement for the Implementation of the Provisions of the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea of 10 December 1982 relating to the Conservation and Management of Straddling Fish Stocks and Highly Migratory Fish

of the Sea, vol. XVII (United Nations publication, Sales No. E 84 V3), document A/CONF 62/122

Stocks² and the Agreement to Promote Compliance with International Conservation and Management Measures by Fishing Vessels on the High Seas, and noting that neither of these agreements has yet entered into force,

Noting that the Code of Conduct for Responsible Fisheries sets out principles and global standards of behaviour for responsible practices to conserve, manage and develop fisheries, including guidelines for fishing on the high seas and in areas under the national jurisdiction of other States, and on fishing gear selectivity and practices, with the aim of reducing bycatch and discards,

Recalling also that Agenda 21,⁴ adopted at the United Nations Conference on Environment and Development, calls upon States to take effective action, consistent with international law, to deter reflagging of vessels by their nationals as a means of avoiding compliance with applicable conservation and management rules for fishing vessels on the high seas,

Noting with satisfaction that "Oceans and seas" will be the sectoral theme discussed by the Commission on Sustainable Development at its seventh session, in 1999.

- 1. Reaffirms, the importance it attaches to sustainable management and conservation of the marine living resources of the world's oceans and seas, and the obligations of States to cooperate to this end, in accordance with international law, as reflected in the relevant provisions of the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea, in particular, the provisions on cooperation set out in part V and part VII, section 2, of the Convention regarding straddling stocks, highly migratory species, marine mammals, anadromous stocks, and marine living resources of the high seas;
- 2. Reaffirms the importance it attaches to compliance with its resolutions 46/215, 49/116, 49/118 and 52/29, and urges States and other entities to enforce fully such measures;
 - 3 A/CONF 164/37; see also A/50/550, annex 1
 - A Report of the United Nations Conference on Environment and Development. Rio de Janeiro, 3-14 June 1992 (United Nations publication. Sales No E 93 1 8 and corrigenda), vol 1: Resolutions adopted by the Conference, resolution 1, annex 11

- 3. Requests all participants to work for the adoption of the outcomes of the technical consultation of the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations held in Rome from 26 to 30 October 1998, and encourages all States to act responsibly, as appropriate, at national, regional and global levels to implement the action plans or the guidelines, in particular those for the management of fishing capacity, once adopted by the Committee on fisheries;
- 4. Calls upon States and other entities referred to in article 1, paragraph 2 (b), of the Agreement for the Implementation of the Provisions of the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea of 10 December 1982 relating to the Conservation and Management of Straddling Fish Stocks and Highly Migratory Fish Stocks that have not yet ratified or acceded to the Agreement to consider doing so at the earliest possible time, and to consider applying it provisionally;
- 5. Further calls upon States and other entities referred to in article 10, paragraph 1, of the Agreement to Promote Compliance with International Conservation and Management Measures by Fishing Vessels on the High Seas that have not submitted instruments of acceptance of the Agreement to consider doing so at the earliest possible time;
- 6. Urges all authorities of members of the international community that have not done so to take greater enforcement responsibility to ensure full implementation of the global moratorium on all large-scale pelagic drift-net fishing on the high seas, including enclosed seas and semi-enclosed seas, and to impose appropriate sanctions, consistent with their obligations under international law, against acts contrary to the terms of resolution 46/215;
- 7. Calls upon States that have not done so to take measures, including measures to deter reflagging to avoid compliance with applicable obligations, to ensure that fishing vessels entitled to fly their flags do not fish in areas under the national jurisdiction of other States unless duly authorized by the authorities of the State concerned and in accordance with the conditions set out in the authorization, and do not fish on the high seas in contravention of the applicable conservation and management rules;

- 8. Urges States, relevant international organizations and regional and subregional fisheries management organizations and arrangements to take action, including through assistance to developing countries, to reduce by-catches, fish discards and post-harvest losses, consistent with international law and relevant international instruments, including the Code of Conduct for Responsible Fisheries;
- 9. Reiterates its call on organizations with development assistance programmes to make it a high priority to support, including through financial and/or technical assistance, the efforts of developing coastal States, in particular the least developed countries and the small island developing States, to improve the monitoring and control if fishing activities and the enforcement of fishing regulations, including through financial and technical support for regional and subregional meetings for this purpose;
- 10. Requests the Secretary-General to bring the present resolution to the attention of all members of the international community, relevant intergovernmental organizations, the organizations and bodies of the United Nations system, regional and subregional fisheries management organizations, and relevant nongovernmental organizations, and to invite them to provide the Secretary-General with information relevant to the implementation of the present resolution;
- Also requests the Secretary-General to ensure that reporting on all major fisheries-related activities and instruments is effectively coordinated, that any duplication of activities and reporting is minimized, and that relevant scientific and technical studies are disseminated to the international community, and invites the relevant specialized agencies, including the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations, as well as regional and subregional fisheries organizations and arrangements, to cooperate with the Secretary-General to that end;
- 12. Further requests the Secretary-General to submit to the General Assembly at its fifty-fifth session a report on further developments relating to the implementation of resolution 52/29, the status and implementation of the Agreement to Promote Compliance with International Conservation and Management Measures by Fishing Vessels on the High Seas and efforts undertaken in the Food and Agriculture

Organization of the United Nations, referred to in paragraph 8 of resolution 52/29, taking into account the information provided by States, relevant specialized agencies, in particular the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations, and other appropriate organs, organizations and programmes of the United Nations system, regional and subregional organizations and arrangements, and other relevant intergovernmental and non-governmental organizations;

Decides to include in the provisional agenda of its fifty-fifth session, under the item entitled "Oceans and law of the sea", a sub-item entitled "Large-scale pelagic drift-net fishing, unauthorized fishing in zones of national jurisdiction and on the high seas, fisheries by-catch and discards, and other developments".

69th plenary meeting 24 November 1998

II. OBLIGATIONS OF DEPOSIT AND DUE PUBLICITY

Under articles 16, paragraph 2; 47, paragraph 9; 75, paragraph 2; and 84, paragraph 2, of the Convention, the coastal State is required to deposit with the Secretary-General its charts or lists of geographical coordinates for the drawing of straight baselines and archipelagic baselines and those showing the outer limits of the territorial sea, the exclusive economic zone and the continental shelf. Coastal States are also required to give due publicity to all these charts and lists of geographical coordinates Similarly, under article 76, paragraph 9, the coastal State is further required to deposit with the Secretary-General charts and relevant information permanently describing the outer limits of its continental shelf extending beyond 200 nautical miles. In this case, due publicity is to be given by the Secretary-General.

The Division for Ocean Affairs and the Law of the Sea of the Office of Legal Affairs, as the responsible unit of the Secretariat, has established facilities for the custody of charts and lists of geographical coordinates to be deposited in accordance with the Convention. The Division has also adopted a system for their recording and publicity in order to assist States in fulfilling their obligations of giving due publicity to such charts and lists of coordinates. A computerized "data record"

summarizes the information submitted, and to ensure publicity, the Division informs States Parties to the Convention of the deposit of charts and geographical coordinates through a "Maritime Zone Notification"

The Division for Ocean Affairs and the Law of the Sea has further established a Geographic Information System (GIS) database using key technology to convert deposited information such as maps, charts and lists of coordinates in one global GIS database. The GIS database enables the Division to convert geographical data submitted in the form of a chart. In cases where State Parties submit charts. GIS has been used to simply reproduce the geographic features from the chart in digital format, link them with the database containing corresponding data (geographical coordinates, description, etc.) and design an output incorporating suitable cartographic More often States Parties submit only symbols. geographical coordinates In such cases the GIS has been used to convert submitted data into a suitable format to enter into the database, display the coordinates on a map and construct the feature they represent (point, line or polygon). This process enables the Division to respond to frequent requests for charts illustrating said geographical data at the national, regional or global level. It is also a tool which enables the Division to verify to accuracy of the information submitted. The GIS database is connected with the National Legislation database in the Division which enables the Division to access other relevant information linked to certain geographic features.

The Division also seeks to assist States in the fulfillment of their other obligations of due publicity established by the Convention. obligations relate to all laws and regulations adopted by the coastal State relating to innocent passage through the territorial sea (article 21, paragraph 3); all laws and regulations, adopted by States bordering straits relating to transit passage through straits used for international navigation (article 42, paragraph 3); the designation of sea lanes and prescription of traffic separation schemes, and their substitution, in the territorial sea and straits used for international navigation (articles 22, paragraph 4; and 41, paragraph 6), as well as the designation of sea lanes through archipelagic waters and the prescription of traffic separation schemes, and their substitution

(article 53, paragraph 7 and 10). In addition, assistance to States concerning their obligations of due publicity regarding sea lanes and traffic separation schemes is conducted in cooperation with the IMO.

Accordingly, upon a State becoming a State Party to the Convention, the Division informs the State concerned of the deposit and due publicity obligations pursuant to the Convention with which that State must comply.

A <u>Information on action taken by States Parties to</u> <u>implement the Convention</u>

1 Submissions by States Parties in compliance with their deposit obligations

From March to November 1998, the following States Parties have deposited with the Secretary-General charts or lists of geographical coordinates relating to maritime zones: São Tomé and Príncipe, Japan and Spain (see also section II B 2. and Annex I: Recapitulative information on submissions by States Parties in compliance with their deposit obligation).

2 <u>Submissions by States Parties in compliance with</u> their due publicity obligations

From March to November 1998, no State Party has submitted charts or copies of laws and regulations to be given due publicity as required by articles 21, 22, 41, 42 and 50, of the Convention Information regarding prior submissions is contained in Annex II to this LOSIC: Recapitulative information on submissions by States Parties in compliance with their due publicity obligations.

On 3 June 1998, the Permanent Representative of Mexico requested the Secretary-General to publish the information relating to a temporary suspension of the innocent passage in specified areas of the territorial sea of Mexico, in accordance with article 25, paragraph 3 of the Convention. This article stipulates that a coastal State may, without discrimination in form or in fact among foreign ships, suspend temporarily, in specified areas of its territorial sea the innocent passage of foreign ships if

such suspension is essential for the protection of its security, including weapons exercises. Such suspension takes effect, according to the same article, only after having been duly published (see also subsection II.B.3 of this Circular)

B. <u>Information on activities undertaken by the</u> Division for Ocean Affairs and the Law of the Sea

Communications addressed to the States Parties for the purpose of assisting them to comply with their deposit and due publicity obligations under the Convention

During the period between March and November 1998, the Division transmitted the following notes verbales to the States Parties indicated, recalling their deposit and due publicity obligations and offering its assistance with a view to ensuring compliance:

- (a) Notes verbales MZ/SP/40 to MZ/SP/41, addressed to Gabon and Suriname, respectively, requesting the submission of charts or lists of geographical coordinates of baselines and various maritime limits pursuant to articles 16(2), 47(9), 75(2), 84(2) and 76(9);
- (b) Notes verbales TS/IP/SP/40 to TS/IP/SP/41, addressed to Gabon and Suriname, respectively, requesting the submission of laws and regulations relating to innocent passage through the territorial sea pursuant to article 21(3);

Samples of the above-mentioned notes verbales may be found, <u>mutatis mutandis</u>, in LOSIC 7, Annex 11

2. Maritime Zone Notifications

"Maritime Zone Notifications" are circulated to States Parties in order to give due publicity to deposited charts and lists of geographical coordinates. From March to November 1998, the Division has circulated several maritime zone notifications.

The maritime zone notifications circulated are as follows:

- (a) Maritime Zone Notification (M.Z.N. 17, 1998. LOS of 7 May 1998) regarding the deposit by São Tomé and Príncipe of lists of geographical coordinates of points for the drawing of archipelagic baselines and the outer limit lines of the exclusive economic zone and chart showing the archipelagic baseline and the outer limits of the territorial sea, contiguous zone and exclusive economic zone of São Tomé and Príncipe;
- (b) Maritime Zone Notification (M.Z.N. 18, 1998, LOS of 23 June 1998) regarding the deposit by Japan of charts showing the straight baselines and the limits of some parts of the territorial sea;
- (c) Maritime Zone Notification (M.Z.N. 19, 1998, LOS of 23 June 1998) regarding the deposit by Spain of the list of geographical coordinates of points for the drawing of the limits of the Fisheries Protection Zone in the Mediterranean Sea;
- (d) Maritime Zone Notification (M.Z.N. 20, 1998, LOS of 19 August 1998) regarding the deposit by Japan of charts showing the straight baselines and the limits of some parts of the territorial sea;
- (e) Maritime Zone Notification (M.Z.N. 21, 1998. LOS of 30 November 1998) regarding the deposit by Japan of charts showing the straight baselines and the limits of some parts of the territorial sea.
- (Duplicates of the above-mentioned maritime zone notifications are reproduced in Annex III to this publication.)

In this connection, it should also be noted that lists of deposited geographical coordinates as well as any charts may be consulted at the Division for Ocean Affairs and the Law of the Sea, Office of Legal Affairs, United Nations Secretariat. (See also Annexes I and II)

3. <u>Notification regarding temporary suspension of</u> the innocent passage by Mexico

On 5 June 1998, the Secretary General circulated document T.S.N. 1. 1998 informing all States members of the United Nations of the temporary suspension of the innocent passage in specified areas of the territorial sea of Mexico. (Duplicate of the above-mentioned notification is reproduced in Annex IV to this publication)

III. INFORMATION ON OTHER ACTIONS TAKEN BY STATES

Note verbale FA/No. 758 of 22 September 1998 by the Permanent Mission of France to the United Nations

The Permanent Mission of France to the United Nations presents its compliments to the Secretary-General of the United Nations and has the honour to bring to his attention, in his capacity as depositary of the 1992 Convention on the Law of the Sea, the following statement of the position of the French Government with respect to the Spanish communication to the United Nations Secretariat concerning the deposit of a list of geographical coordinates of points for the drawing of the limits of the Fisheries Protection Zone in the Mediterranean Sea (MZN 19.1998 LOS, 23 June 1998).

The French Government wishes to protest against the part of this declaration that relates to the line delimiting the edge of the Spanish fisheries zone facing the French coasts. It protests against this delimitation initiative conducted by Spain. In any event, it considers that the delimitation resulting from the line joining the points specified in the Spanish communication cannot be invoked against it. The French Government recalls on this occasion that under international public law, the delimitation of a boundary must take place by agreement. Moreover, in this specific case of a maritime boundary, such delimitation must result in an equitable solution, thus ruling out in this instance use of the equidistant line employed by the Spanish side.

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ANNEXI

RECAPITULATIVE INFORMATION ON SUBMISSIONS BY STATES PARTIES IN COMPLIANCE WITH THEIR DEPOSIT OBLIGATIONS

State Party		Relevant article(s) of the Convention	Maritime Zone Notifical	ion	Charts Coordinates
	Deposit of and due publicity to		No.	See LOSIC No.	Or relevant Acts Treaties published in / available at
Argenlina	Deposit of charts (straight baselines and outer limits of the EE2) and lists of geographical coordinates (straight baselines) as contained in Act 23,968 on the Maritime Spaces of 10 September 1991	16(2); 75(2)	M.Z.N. 10. 1996. LOS of 16 September 1996	4	DOALOS/OLA
China	Deposit of lists of geographical coordinates as contained in the Declaration on the Baselines of the Territorial Sea of the People's Republic of China of 15 May 1996	16(2)	M.Z.N. 7. 1996. LOS of 5 July 1996	4	Law of the Sea Bulletin No. 32
Costa Rica	Deposit of a chart showing the limits of the exclusive economic zone in the Pacific Ocean	75(2)	M.Z.N. 13, 1996, LOS of 27 January 1997	5	DOALOS/DLA
Cyprus	Confirmation that the list of geographical coordinates and chart (straight baselines) previously submitted were still valid and deposit thereof	16(2)	M.Z.N. 6. 1996, LOS of 30 June 1996	4	SP IV II, p. 41
Finland	Deposit of a map (provisional) and of a list of geographical coordinates (straight baselines; outer limits of the territorial sea)	16(2)	M.Z.N. 8, 1996, LOS of 21 July 1996	4	Law of the Sea Bulletin No. 29 map at DOALOS/OLA
	Deposit of charts showing the straight baselines and the outer limits of the territorial sea of Finland, and the median line separating the continental shelf and fishery zones of Finland from the continental shelves and exclusive economic zones of Estonia and Sweden	16(2); 75(2); 64(2)	M.Z.N. 16, 1996, LOS of 30 September 1996	6	DOALOS/OLA
	Deposit of charts and geographical coordinates on the territorial sea and the exclusive economic zone in the Baltic Sea and in the North Sea as contained in:	16(2); 75(2)	M.Z.N. 1.1995.LOS of 8 March 1995	1	Law of the Sea Bulletin No. 27 charts at DOALOS/OLA
Germany	Announcement of the Proclamation by the Government of the Federal Republic of Germany concerning the extension of the breadth of the German territonal sea of 11 November 1994; and				The second secon
	 Proclamation by the Federal Republic of Germany concerning the establishment of an exclusive economic zone of the Federal Republic of Germany in the North Sea and in the Baltic Sea of 25 November 1994 		Total Control of the		

1 The Law of the Sea: Current Developments in State Practice IV (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.95.V.10 No.IV)

Losic No. 8 (1998) - Annexes

DOALOS/OLA - United Nations

	Deposit of and due publicity to	Relevant article(s) of the Convention	Maritime Zone Notificat	Charts Coordinates	
State Party			No.	See LOSIC No.	Or relevant Acts Treaties published in / available at
	Deposit of various charts and geographical coordinates, as contained in:	16(2); 84(2)	M.Z.N. 5. 1996. LOS of 19 April 1996	3	Charts at DOALOS/OLA
	- Presidential Decree nº 830 of 22 May 1969;				Decree No. 816 of 1977 in BL 2/, p. 201
	- Decree of the President of the Republic no 816 of 26 April 1977;				
	- Law nº 347 of 3 June 1978;				
Italy	- Law nº 348 of 3 June 1978;				
icary	- Law 107 of 2 March 1987 (published in Regular Supplement to the G.U. 70 of 25 March 1987);			e e un e	
	- Law nº 59 of 11 February 1989;				
	- Law n* 147 of 12 April 1995 (published in Regular Supplement to the G.U. 99 of 29 April 1995);			Y that y turning	
	- Law 290 of 23 May 1980 (published in Regular Supplement to the G.U. 181 of 3 July 1980);				
Jamaica	Deposit of lists of geographical coordinates (archipelagic basepoints)	47(9)	M.Z.N. 11, 1996, LOS of 16 October 1996	5	Law of the Sea Bulletin No. 32
	Deposit of charts showing the straight baselines for measuring the breadth of the territorial sea, and the outer limits of the territorial sea	16(2)	M.Z.N. 14, 1997, LOS of 6 June 1997	6	Charts at DOALOS/OLA; Law in <u>Law of the Sea Bulletin</u> No. 35
Japan	Deposit of charts showing the straight baselines and the limits of some parts of the territorial sea	16(2)	M.Z.N. 18. 1997, LOS of 23 June 1998	8	Charts at BOALOS/OLA; Law in Law of the Sea Bulletin No. 35
	Note: The straight baselines and the limits of the territorial sea shown (on these charts) are based on the provisions of the Law No. 30 of 1977 on the Territorial Sea and the Contiguous Zone and the Enforcement Order No. 206 of 1996 of the Law No. 30 of 1977 on the Territorial Sea and the Contiguous Zone.				

2' The Law of the Sea: Baselines - National Legislation with Illustrative Maps (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.89.V.10)

Losio No. 8 (1998) - Anneces

DOALOS/OLA - United Nations

			Maritime Zone Notifica	Charts Coordinates	
State Party	Deposit of and due publicity to	Relevant articles) of the Convention	No.	See LOSIC No.	Or relevant Acts Treaties published in / available at
	Deposit of charts showing the straight baselines and the limits of some parts of the lemitorial sea	16(2)	M.Z.N. 20, 1998, LOS of 19 August 1998	8	Charts at DOALOS/OLA; Law in Law of the Sea Bullet No. 35
	Note: The straight baselines and the limits of the territorial sea shown jon these charts] are based on the provisions of the Law No. 30 of 1977 on the Territorial Sea and the Contiguous Zone and the Enforcement Order No. 210 of 1977 of the Law No. 30 of 1977 on the Territorial Sea and the Contiguous Zone				
Japan (cont.)	Deposit of charts showing the straight baselines and the limits of some parts of the territorial sea	16(2)	M.Z.N. 21, 1998, LOS of 30 November 1998	8	Charts at DOALOS/OLA; Law in Law of the Sea Bullet No. 35
	Note: The straight baselines and the limits of the territorial sea shown (on these charts) are based on the provisions of the Law No. 30 of 1977 on the Territorial Sea and the Contiguous Zone and the Enforcement Order No. 210 of 1977 of the Law No. 30 of 1977 on the Territorial Sea and the Contiguous Zone				
Myanmar	Deposit of a chart showing its straight baselines and the list of geographical coordinates of points, as contained in the Territonal Sea and Marilime Zones Law (Pyithu Hluttaw Law nº 3 of 1977)	16(2)	M.Z.N. 12, 1996, LOS of 27 January 1997	5	Chart at DOALOS/OLA Law No. 3 of 1977 in BL 2/, p.64 and TS 3/, p. 230
	Deposit of charts (outer limits of the continental shelf and the exclusive economic zone) and confirmation (deposit) of lists of geographical coordinates (straight baselines), as contained in:	16(2); 75(2); 84(2)	M.Z.N. 9. 1996, LOS of 25 August 1996	4	Charts at DOALOS/OLA
	- Royal Decree of 12 July 1935, relating to the Baselines for the Norwegian Fishery Zone as regards that part of Norway which is situated to the north of 66*28'8 N Latitude;				Decrees in Bl. 2/, p. 235; p. 237; p. 242; and p. 244, respectively
Norway	- Royal Decree of 18 July 1952 relating to the Baseline for the Norwegian Fishery Zone as regards that part of Norway which is situated to the south of 66°28'8 N Latitude;				
	- Crown Prince Regent's Decree of 30 June 1955; and		**************************************		The second secon
	- Royal Decree of 25 September 1970 concerning the Delimitation of the Territorial Waters of Parts of Svalbard.				
Romania	Deposit of the list of geographical coordinates of points for the drawing of straight baselines and a chan showing its straight baselines and the outer limit of its territorial sea	16(2)	M.Z.N. 15, 1997, LOS of 7 August 1997	6	Law of the Sea Bulletin No. 1
· swinding			-		Chart at DOALOS/OLA

^{3&#}x27; The Law of the Sea: National Legislation on Territorial Sea, the Right of Innocent Passage and the Contiguous Zone (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.95.V.7)

Losic No. 8 (1998) - Annexes

			Maritime Zone Notification		Charts Coordinates	
State Party	Deposit of and due publicity to	Relevant article(s) of the Convention	No.	See LOSIC No.	Or relevant Acts Treaties published in / available at	
São Tomé and Principe	Deposit of fists of geographical coordinates of points for the drawing of archipelagic baselines and the outer limit lines of the exclusive economic zone and of chart showing the archipelagic baseline and the outer limits of the territorial sea, contiguous zone and exclusive economic zone of São Tomé and Principe - Act No. 1/98 of 23 March 1998	47(9); 75(2)	M.Z.N. 17. 1998. LOS of 7 May 1998	В	Law of the Sea Bulletin No. 3 Chart at DOALOS/OLA	
Spain :	Deposit of the list of geographical coordinates of points for the drawing of the limits of the Fisheries Protection Zone in the Mediterranean See established by: - Royal Decree 1315/1997 of 1 August	75(2)	M.Z.N. 19. 1998. LOS of 23 June 1998	8	Law of the Sea Bulletin No. 3 (list of coordinates) Law of the Sea Bulletin No. 3 (decrae)	

ANNEX II

RECAPITULATIVE INFORMATION ON SUBMISSIONS BY STATES PARTIES IN COMPLIANCE WITH THEIR DUE PUBLICITY OBLIGATIONS

State Party	Due publicity to	Relevant article(s) of the Convention	Due publicity given in LOSIC No.	See also Maritime Zone Notification No.	Acts Charts Coordinates Treaties published in / available a
Argentina	1881 Boundary Treaty (Argentina and Chile)	42(3)	4, 5		SP I/ p. 169
	1984 Treaty of Peace and Friendship (Argentins and Chile)				
Australia	Chart: Sea lanes and traffic separation schemes in the Bass Strait Oil Fields on the south coast (Victoria)	22(4); 41(6)	3	M.Z.N, 3, 1996, LOS of 5 March 1996	Chart at DOALOS/OLA
Finland	There are no traffic separation schemes in the territorial sea. The provisions of the Convention concerning innocent passage through the territorial sea have been incorporated in the internal legislation of Finland. There are no other laws or decrees concerning innocent passage. The passage in the strait between the Aland Islands and Sweden (Ahvenanrauma) is regulated in part by a long-standing international convention in force, the regime of innocent passage in the strait has remained unchanged after the entry into force of the Convention.	21(3); 22(4)	6	M.Z.N. 16, 1996, LOS of 30 September 1996	
Gormany	Sea lanes and traffic separation schemes in the south-western part of the Baltic Sea- Straits ("Belte") and the Sound ("Sund") - and in the North Sea - German Bay	22(4); 41(6)	3	M.Z.N. 4, 1996, LOS of 25 March 1996	Charts at DOALOS/OLA
Italy	Laws and regulations applicable to innocent passage through the territorial sea and to transit passage through straits used for international navigation; namely; - Art. 83 of the Navigation Code; - Law 15 June 1912 (in Official Gazette of the Italian Republic of 27 June 1912, n° 151); - Royal Decree 24 August 1933, n° 2423 (in Official Gazette of the Italian Republic of 22 May 1934, n° 130); - Decree of the Minister of Merchant Marine of 8 May 1985 relating to the Strait of Messina (in Official Gazette of the Italian Republic of 11 May 1985, n° 110); - Decree of the Minister of Merchant Marine of 26 February 1993 relating to the Straits of Boniface (in Official Gazette of the Italian Republic of 2 March 1993, n° 50);	21(3); 42(3);	2; 5	_	Lews and Decrees at DOALOS/OLA; Decree of 25 February 199 in SP IV 2/, p. 69

^{1&#}x27; The Law of the Sea: Current Developments in State Practice (United Nations publication, Sales. No. E.87.V.3)

The Law of the Sea: Current Developments in State Practice IV (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.95.V.10 No.IV)

State Party	Due publicity to	Relevant article(s) of the Convention	Due publicity given in LOSIC No.	See also Maritime Zone Notification No.	Acts Charts Coordinates Treaties published in / available at
Myanmar	Law applicable to innocent passage through the territorial sea (Territorial Sea and Maritime Zones Law (Pyithu Hluttaw Law nº 3 of 1977))	21(3)	5	***	BL 3/, p.64 TS <u>4</u> /, p. 230
Namibla	Namibia has not adopted or enacted legislation relating to the innocent passage through the temtorial sea, neither sea lanes or traffic separation schemes have been established	21(3); 22(4)	5	_	
Oman	Charts (sea lanes and traffic separation schemes in the Strait of Hormuz, from Masirah to the Strait of Hormuz and in the Sultanate of Oman)	22(4); 41(6)	2	M.Z.N. 2. 1996. LOS of 20 February 1996	Charts at DOALOS/OLA
Pakistan	- Exclusive Fishery Zone (Regulation of Fishery) Act 1975; - Territorial waters and Maritime Zone Act 1976; - Exclusive Fishery Zone (Regulation of Fishery) Rules 1978 as amended in 1990; - Territorial waters and Maritime Zone (Amendment) Act 1997 which amends the Territorial Waters and Maritime Zones Act 1976;	21(3)	7		TS <u>4</u> /, p.256; EEZS/, p.263
Saint Lucia	Laws (excerpts) applicable to innocent passage through the territorial sea: - The Shipping Act nº 10 of 1994 (Section 237 "Foreign ships in Saint Lucian waters); - The Maritime Areas Act nº 6 of 1984 (Section 16 "Innocent passage); - The Saint Lucia Air and Sea Ports Authority Act nº 10 of 1987, 1983: Section 76 "Damage property likely to endanger life; - The Saint Lucia Air and Sea Ports Authority (Seaports) Regulation nº 92 of 1985; - Regulation 77 "Submarine cables.	21(3)	5	_	The Maritime Areas Act ns 6 of 1984 in TS 41, p.318; other acts and regulation at DOALOS/OLA

^{3&#}x27; The Law of the Sea: Baselines - National Legislation with Illustrative Maps (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.89.V.10)

The Law of the Sea: National Legislation on Territorial Sea, the Right of Innocent Passage and the Contiguous Zone (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.95.V.7)

^{5&#}x27; The Law of the Sea: National Legislation on the Exclusive Economic Zone (United Nations Publication, Sales No. E.93.V.10)

ANNEX III
DUPLICATES OF MARITIME ZONE NOTIFICATIONS



POSTAL ADDRESS --- ADRESSE POSTALE UNITED NATIONS N Y 10017
CABLE ADDRESS ---- ADRESSE TELEGRAPHIQUE UNATIONS NEWYORK

REFERENCE

M.Z.N. 17. 1998. LOS (Maritime Zone Notification) 7 May 1998

United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea concluded at Montego Bay, Jamaica on 10 December 1982

Deposit by São Tomé and Príncipe of lists of geographical coordinates of points for the drawing of archipelagic baselines and the outer limit lines of the exclusive economic zone and chart showing the archipelagic baseline and the outer limits of the territorial sea, contiguous zone and exclusive economic zone of São Tomé and Príncipe.

The Secretary-General of the United Nations communicates the following:

On 30 April 1998, São Tomé and Príncipe transmitted for deposit with the Secretary-General, in accordance with articles 47 and 75 of the Convention, the following lists of geographical coordinates and chart:

Lists of geographical coordinates of points for the drawing of archipelagic baselines and the outer limit lines of the exclusive economic zone of São Tomé and Príncipe, contained in Act No. 1/98 of 23 March 1998; and

Map No. 1 entitled "Official Maritime Claims" prepared in 1997, showing the archipelagic baselines and the outer limits of the territorial sea, contiguous zone and exclusive economic zone of São Tomé and Príncipe.

Act No. 1/98 of 23 March 1998 containing the lists of geographical coordinates of points for the drawing of archipelagic baselines and the outer limit lines of the exclusive economic zone of São Tomé and Príncipe will be reproduced in the next <u>Law of the Sea Information Circular</u> issued by the Division for Ocean Affairs and the Law of the Sea, Office of Legal Affairs.

The original chart and lists of geographical coordinates submitted by São Tomé and Príncipe may be consulted at the Secretariat (Division for Ocean Affairs and the Law of the Sea, Office of Legal Affairs, DC2-0458, telephone: 963-3962 or fax: 963-5847).

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CABLE ADDRESS-MADRESSE TELEGRAPHIQUE UNATIONS NEWYORK

REFERENCE

M.Z.N. 18. 1998. LOS (Maritime Zone Notification) 23 June 1998

United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea concluded at Montego Bay, Jamaica on 10 December 1982

Deposit by Japan of charts showing the straight baselines and the limits of some parts of the territorial sea

The Secretary-General of the United Nations communicates the following:

On 5 June 1998, Japan transmitted for deposit with the Secretary-General, in accordance with article 16(2) of the Convention, the following charts, all published in Tokyo by the Maritime Safety Agency of Japan:

- Chart No. 1045 "Risiri Tō to Masike Kō" Scale 1: 200,000 (Lat. 35°) 22 January 1998;
- Chart No. 159 "Hi-No-Misaki to Suzu Misaki"- Scale 1: 500,000 (Lat. 35°)- 22 January 1998;
- Chart No. 45 "Etorohu Tō" Scale 1: 300,000 (Lat. 35") 8 January 1998;
- Chart No. 139 "Tottori Kō to Hukui Kō" Scale 1: 200,000 (Lat. 35°) 4 December 1997;
- Chart No. 11 "Syakotan Misaki to Matumae Kō" Scale 1: 250,000 (Lat. 35°) 18 September 1997; and
- Chart No. 1169 "Hukui Kō to Wazima Kō" Scale 1: 200,000 (Lat. 35°) 5 June 1997.

It is noted that all charts contain the following statement: "The straight baselines and the limits of the territorial sea shown on this chart are based on the provisions of the Law No. 30 of 1977 on the Territorial Sea and the Contiguous Zone and the Enforcement Order No. 206 of 1996 of the Law No. 30 of 1977 on the Territorial Sea and the Contiguous Zone."

The original charts submitted by Japan may be consulted at the Secretariat (Division for Ocean Affairs and the Law of the Sea, Office of Legal Affairs, DC2-0458, telephone: 963-3962 or fax: 963-5847).





POSTAL ADDRESS -- ADRESSE POSTALE UNITED NATIONS N Y 10017
CABLE ADDRESS --- ADRESSE TELEGRAPHIQUE UNATIONS NEWYORK

REFERENCE

M.Z.N. 19. 1998, LOS (Maritime Zone Notification) 23 June 1998

United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea concluded at Montego Bay, Jamaica on 10 December 1982

Deposit by Spain of the list of geographical coordinates of points for the drawing of the limits of the Fisheries Protection Zone in the Mediterranean Sea

The Secretary-General of the United Nations communicates the following:

On 9 June 1998, Spain transmitted for deposit with the Secretary-General, in accordance with article 75(2) of the Convention, the following list of geographical coordinates:

List of geographical coordinates of points for the drawing of the limits of the Fisheries Protection Zone in the Mediterranean Sea, established by Royal Decree 1315/1997 of 1 August.

Royal Decree 1315/1997 of 1 August is reproduced in the <u>Law of the Sea Bulletin</u> No.36 to be issued in July 1998. The list of geographical coordinates of points will be incorporated in the <u>Law of the Sea Bulletin</u> No. 37.

The original list of geographical coordinates submitted by Spain may be examined in the Division for Ocean Affairs and the Law of the Sea, Office of Legal Affairs, DC2-0458, telephone: 963-3962 or fax: 963-5847).





FOSTAL ADDRESS-ADDRESSE FOSTALE UNITED NATIONS N Y 10017 CABLE ADDRESS-ADDRESSE TELEGRAPHIQUE UNATIONS NEWYORK

REFERENCE

M.Z.N. 20. 1998. LOS (Maritime Zone Notification) 19 August 1998

United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea concluded at Montego Bay, Jamaica on 10 December 1982

Deposit by Japan of charts showing the straight baselines and the limits of some parts of the territorial sea

The Secretary-General of the United Nations communicates the following:

On 4 August 1998, Japan transmitted for deposit with the Secretary-General, in accordance with article 16(2) of the Convention, the following charts, all published in Tokyo by the Maritime Safety Agency of Japan:

- Chart No. 1032 "Erimo Misaki to Otiisi Misaki" Scale 1: 250,000 (Lat. 35°) 5 February 1998;
- Chart No. 42 "Kunasiri Tö and Approaches"- Scale 1: 300,000 (Lat. 35°)- 19 February 1998;
- Chart No. 146 "Suzu Misaki to Nyūdō Saki" Scale 1: 500,000 (Lat. 35°) 19 February 1998;
- Chart No. 187 "Northwestern Part of Kyūsyū" Scale 1: 300,000 (Lat. 35°) 19 March 1998;
- Chart No. 1220 "Asizuri Misaki to Miyazaki Kō"- Scale 1: 200,000 (Lat. 35°) 5 March 1998;
- Chart No. 1098 "Sioya Saki to Isinomaki Wan" Scale 1: 200,000 (Lat. 35°) -5 March 1998; and
- Chart No. 182_B "Amami-ō Sima to Okinawa Sima" Scale 1: 500,000 (Lat. 35°) 16 April 1998.

It is noted that all charts contain the following note: "The straight baselines and the limits of the territorial sea shown on this chart are based on the provisions of the Law No. 30 of 1977 on the Territorial Sea and the Contiguous Zone and the Enforcement Order No. 210 of 1977 of the Law No. 30 of 1977 on the Territorial Sea and the Contiguous Zone."

It is further noted that charts Nos. 42, 146 and 1098 contain also the following note: "Of all the base points of the straight baselines given in the Enforcement Order, only major points are shown on this chart due to its small scale."

The original charts submitted by Japan may be consulted at the Secretariat (Division for Ocean Affairs and the Law of the Sea, Office of Legal Affairs, DC2-0458, telephone: 963-3962 or fax: 963-5847).



UNITED NATIONS WATIONS UNIES

POSTAL ADDRESS---ADRESSE POSTALE UNITED NATIONS NY 10017 CABLE ADDRESS---ADRESSE TELEGRAPHIQUE UNATIONS NEWYORK

AEFERENCE:

M.Z.N. 21. 1998. LOS (Maritime Zone Notification) 30 November 1998

United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea concluded at Montego Bay, Jamaica on 10 December 1982

Deposit by Japan of charts showing the straight baselines and the limits of some parts of the territorial sea

The Secretary-General of the United Nations communicates the following:

On 4 August 1998, Japan transmitted for deposit with the Secretary-General, in accordance with article 16(2) of the Convention, the following charts, all published in Tokyo by the Maritime Safety Agency of Japan:

- Chart No. 70 "Omae Saki to Ise Wan" Scale 1: 200,000 (Lat. 35°) 21 May 1998;
- Chart No. 77 "Kii Suidō and Approaches"- Scale 1: 200,000 (Lat. 35°)- 18 June 1998;
- Chart No. 80 "Nozima Saki to Omae Saki" Scale 1: 200,000 (Lat. 35°) 21 May 1998;
- Chart No. 87 "Tōkyō Wan to Inubō Saki" Scale 1: 200,000 (Lat. 35°) 23 July 1998; and
- Chart No. 93 "Dajō Saki to Sio-No-Misaki"- Scale 1: 200,000 (Lat. 35°) 18 June 1998.

It is noted that all charts contain the following note: "The straight baselines and the limits of the territorial sea shown on this chart are based on the provisions of the Law No. 30 of 1977 on the Territorial Sea and the Contiguous Zone and the Enforcement Order No. 210 of 1977 of the Law No. 30 of 1977 on the Territorial Sea and the Contiguous Zone."

The original charts submitted by Japan may be consulted at the Secretariat (Division for Ocean Affairs and the Law of the Sea, Office of Legal Affairs, DC2-0458, telephone: 963-3962 or fax: 963-5847).

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ANNEX IV

DUPLICATE OF NOTIFICATION REGARDING SUSPENSION OF THE INNOCENT PASSAGE IN SPECIFIED AREAS OF THE TERRITORIAL SEA OF MEXICO



FORTAL ADDRESS-ACHESSE POSTALE UNITED NATIONS N. V. 10017
CABLE ADDRESS-ADRESSE TELEGRAPHIQUE UNATIONS NEWYORK

REFERENCE

T.S.N. 1. 1998. LOS (Temporary Suspension Innocent Passage Notification) 3 June 1998

United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea concluded at Montego Bay, Jamaica on 10 December 1982

Suspension of innocent passage by Mexico, in accordance with article 25, paragraph 3 of the Convention

The Secretary-General of the United Nations communicates the following:

On 3 June 1998, by letter No. ONU-O3243, the Permanent Representative of Mexico to the United Nations has requested the Secretary-General to publish the information relating to a temporary suspension of the innocent passage in specified areas of the territorial sea of Mexico, in accordance with article 25, paragraph 3 of the Convention. The letter reads as follows:

"Mr Secretary-General,

"In conformity with the provisions of article 25, paragraph 3, of the United Nations Convention on the Law of the sea, I have the honour to inform you that, from 14 June to 24 July 1998, the Government of Mexico will suspend the innocent passage of foreign ships in the areas of its territorial sea situated south of the Island of Cleofas, Nayarit, defined between the following geographical coordinates:

1. Lat. 21°04' N Long. 106°09' W 2. Lat. 21°14' N Long. 106°09' W 3. Lat. 21°14' N Long. 106°23' W 4. Lat. 21°04' N Long. 106°23' W

"The suspension, which will be of temporary nature, is intended to protect the safety of ships which could be navigating in the area, in view of the naval exercises which will take place in that area from 14 June to 24 July 1998. Please, find enclosed a maritime chart identifying the area in which the above exercises will be conducted

"In accordance with article 25, paragraph 3, of the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea, I would be grateful if the submitted information could be duly published.

.../

"I would like to take this opportunity to reiterate the assurances of my highest and distinguished consideration.

27 n n e Signed
Manuel Tello
Permanent Representative of Mexico
to the United Nations

It is recalled that, pursuant to article 25, paragraph 3, of the Convention, a coastal State may, without discrimination in form or in fact among foreign ships, suspend temporarily, in specified areas of its territorial sea the innocent passage of foreign ships if such suspension is essential for the protection of its security, including weapons exercises. Such suspension takes effect, according to the same article, only after having been duly published.

MC

ANNEX V

LISTS OF CONCILIATORS, ARBITRATORS AND EXPERTS

1 List of conciliators and arbitrators nominated under article 2 of annexes V and VII of the Convention

State Party	Nominations	Date of deposit of notification with the Secretary-General
Chile	Helmut Brunner Nöer, Conciliator Rodrigo Diaz Albónico, Conciliator Carlos Martínez Sotomayor, Conciliator Eduardo Vío Grossi, Conciliator José Miguel Barros Franco, Arbitrator María Teresa Infante Caffi, Arbitrator Edmundo Vargas Carreño, Arbitrator Fernando Zegers Santa Cruz, Arbitrator	18 November 1998
Czech Republic	Dr. Vladimir Kopal, Conciliator and Arbitrator	18 December 1996
France	Prof. Daniel Bardonnet, Arbitrator Prof. Pierre-Marie Dupuy, Arbitrator Prof. Jean-Pierre Queneudec, Arbitrator Prof. Laurent Lucchini, Arbitrator	4 February 1998
Germany	Dr. (Ms.) Renate Platzoeder, Arbitrator	25 March 1996
Netherlands	Ellen Hey, Arbitrator Prof. Alfred H.A. Soons Arbitrator Adriaan Bos, Arbitrator	6 February 1998
Russian Federation	Vladimir S. Kotliar, Arbitrator Vladimir N. Trofimov, Arbitrator	27 May 1997
	Prof. Kamil A. Bekyashev, Arbitrator	4 March 1998
Sri Lanka	Hon. M. S. Aziz, P.C., Conciliator and Arbitrator S. Sivarasan, P.C., Conciliator and Arbitrator (Prof.) Dr. C. F.Amerasinghe, Conciliator and Arbitrator A. R. Perera, Conciliator and Arbitrator	17 January 1996
Sudan	Sayed/Shawgi Hussain, Arbitrator Dr. Ahmed Elmufti, Arbitrator Dr. Abd Elrahman Elkhalifa, Conciliator Sayed/Eltahir Hamadalla, Conciliator	8 September 1995
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	Prof. Christopher Greenwood, Arbitrator Prof. Elihu Lauterpacht, Arbitrator Sir Arthur Watts, Arbitrator	19 February 1998

2. List of experts for the purposes of article 2 of Annex VIII (Special Arbitration) of the Convention

Article 2 of Annex VIII reads as follows:

"Article 2 Lists of experts

" A list of experts shall be established and maintained in respect of each of the fields of (1) fisheries, (2) protection and preservation of the marine environment, (3) marine scientific research, and

(1) fisheries, (2) protection and preservation of the marine environment, (3) marine scientific research, and (4) navigation, including pollution from vessels and by dumping.

" 2. The lists of experts shall be drawn up and maintained, in the field of fisheries by the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations, in the field of protection and preservation of the marine environment by the United Nations Environment Programme, in the field of marine scientific research by the Intergovernmental Oceanographic Commission, in the field of navigation, including pollution from vessels and by dumping, by the International Maritime Organization, or in each case by the appropriate subsidiary body concerned to which such organization, programme or commission has delegated this function.

" 3. Every State Party shall be entitled to nominate two experts in each field whose competence in the legal, scientific or technical aspects of such field is established and generally recognized and who enjoy the highest reputation for fairness and integrity. The names of the persons so nominated in each field shall constitute the appropriate list.

the appropriate list.

"
4. If at any time the experts nominated by a State Party in the list so constituted shall be fewer than two, that State Party shall be entitled to make further nominations as necessary.

The name of an expert shall remain on the list until withdrawn by the State Party which made the nomination, provided that such expert shall continue to serve on any special arbitral tribunal to which that expert has been appointed until the completion of the proceedings before that special arbitral tribunal o

(a) List of experts in the field of fisheries maintained by the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (communicated on 19 October 1998)

State Party	Nominations
Bahrain	Mr. Jasem Ahmed Al-Kasir, Director, Fish Resources Department Mr. Ibrahim A. Abdel Kader, Fisheries Expert Mr. A. Habib Ridha, Expert in Census
Chile	Sra. Edith Saa Collantes, Ingeniero Pesquero, Jefe División Desarrollo Pesquerro, Subsecretaría de Pesca Sra. Vilma Correa Rojas, Ingeniero Pesquero, Jefe División Administración Pesquerra, Subsecretaría de Pesca
Cyprus	Andreas Demetropoulos, Director of Fisheries Department Emillos Economou, Senior Officer, Department of Fisheries
Czech Republic	Prof. Vladimir Kopal, Professor of Law, Charles University, Prague
Democratic Republic of the Congo	Mr. Sayeman Bula-Bula, Professeur de droit de la mer, Université de Kinshasa
Egypt	Dr. Hussein Kamai Badawi, Head, Marine and Fisheries Institute Dr. M. Amin Ibrahim, Head, Fisheries Department Dr. Khamis Abdel Hamid Hussein, Head, Fish Seeds Lab. Dr. Ahmed Fawzi Alquarashili, Head, Fisheries Economy Lab. Dr. Abdou Abdaliah Alwayes, Head, Nets and Fishing Methods Lab
Iraq	Mohamed Mahmud Halwas, Engineer, Director, Development Fish Resources Division

State Party	Nominations
	Daud Salman Daud, University Degree (Marine), Development Fish Resources Division
Мехісо	Jerónimo Ramos Saenz Pardo Antonio J. Díaz de León Corral
Uganda	Dr. Faustino L. Orach-Meza, Commissioner for Fisheries, Fisheries Department, Entebbe Prof. John Okedi, Makerere University, Department of Zoology & Fisheries, Kampala
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	Dr. Robin Cook, Fisheries Research Services, Scottish Office, Agriculture, Environment and Fisheries Department
Uruguay	Prof. Guillermo Arena Dr. Hebert Nion Girado

(a) <u>List of experts in the field of protection and preservation of the marine environment maintained by the United Nations Environment Programme</u> (communicated on 5 August 1998)

NOTE: Several States Parties have included in their communications to UNEP also experts in the fields of fisheries, marine scientific research and navigation. Those nominations are included in the footnotes

State Party	Experts Nominated	Designation
Angola	Eng. Natalino Mateus	Engineer, Ministry of Environment
Australia	Dr. lan McPhail	Head, Environment Australia
Australia	Dr. Conall O'Connell	First Assistant Secretary, Environment Australia
	Dr. Michael Stachowitsch	University of Vienna
Austria	Dr. Bernhard Riegi	
	Prof. Dr. Joerg Ott	University of Vienna
Daybadee 4/	Mr. Leo Brewster	Deputy-Director, Coastal Zone Management Unit
Barbados <u>1</u> /	Prof. Ralph Carnegie	Director, Caribbean Law Institute
Drovil 2/	Dr. Geraldo J. Eysink	Ministry of Environment
Brazil <u>2</u> /	Dr. Luiz R. Tommasi	Ministry of Environment

1/ Fisheries experts:

Dr Patrick McConney, Chief Fisheries Officer;

Dr Robin Mahon, Fisheries and Environment Consultant

Marine Scientific Research experts:

Dr Leonard Nurse, Director, Coastal Zone Management Unit;

Professor Wayne Hunte, Executive Director, Bellairs Research Institute

Navigation, including Pollution from vessels and by Dumping:

Ms Valerie Browne, Director, Maritime Affairs;

Nr Richard Alleyne, Harbour Master

2/ Fisheries experts:

Engineer Philip Charles Conolly, Ministry of Environment;

Dr. Fabio Hissa Vieira Hazin, Ministry of Science and Technology.

Maritime Scientific Research experts:

Vice-Admiral Luiz Phillipe da Costa Fernande, Ministry of the Navy;

Dr Luiz Roberto Silva Martins, Ministry of Science and Technology

Navigation experts:

Commander Luiz Augusto de Mello, Ministry of the Environment;

Dr. Luiz Augusto de Mello Awazu, Ministry of the Environment

State Party	Experts Nominated	Designation
	Dr. Silvestre Evora	Juriste, Technicien de la Direction Générale de Marine et Ports
Cape Verde	Dr. Maria M. Carvalho	Biologiste, Technicienne Supérieure de l'Institut National de Développement des Pêches
China	Mr. Yan Hongbang	Director, Marine Environment Division, National Environmental Protection Agency
O. M. Die	Sr. Geovanny Bassey	Area de Conservación Guanacaste
Costa Rica	Sr. Gerardo Barboza	Area de Conservación Tempisque
Czech Republic	Dr. Vladimir Kopal	Professor of Law, Charles University, Prague
	Mr. Mpiana Kalala	Directeur de Cabinet et Conseiller Juridique du Ministère de l'Environnement Conservation de la Nature et Tourisme
Democratic Republic of the Congo	Mr. Kalibu Kahozi	Directeur Chef de Service National du Développement de la Pêche, Ministère de l'Environnement Conservation de la Nature et Tourisme
	Dr. Abdelrahman Salama	Specialist in the field of protection of the marine environment
Egypt	Prof. Mahmoud El Sald	University of Alexandria and Director, Development of Red Sea Resources
	Prof. Mohamed A. Fawzy	Egyptian Agency for Environment Affairs
E	Mr. Jean-Claude Chauvin	National Museum of Natural History
France <u>3</u> /	Mr. Michel Girin	Director of CEDRE

3/ Fisheries experts:

Mr André Forest, IFREMER;

Mr. Jean-Luc Prat, Faculté of Law and Economic Sciences, Brest.

Marine scientific research experts:

Mr Jean Mascle, Oceanographical Observatory, CRNS University;

Mr Elie Jarmache, IFREMER

Navigation experts:

Mr. Loic Courcoux, Chief teacher of first class marine teaching;

Mr. Michel Meynet, Assistant Director of sea transport of harbors and coast

State Party	Experts Nominated	Designation
Gambia <u>4</u> /	Ms. Ndey Isatou Njie	Principal Scientific Officer, Department of Water Resources
	Ms. Isatou Sissoho	Executive Director, National Environment Agency
Garanta SI	Mr. Grigori Abramia	Manager,Black Sea Protection Conventional Service
Georgia <u>5</u> /	Mr. Tengiz Gogotishvili	Head, Batumi Marine Inspection, Long Voyage Navigator
0	Capt. Andreas Suriggos	Director, Dept. of Protection of the Marine Environment, Ministry of Mercantile Marine
Greece	Lieut. Ilias Sampatakis	Deputy-Director, Dept. of Protection of the Marine Environment, Ministry of Mercantile Marine
Cultura	Mr. Mamadou S. Diallo	Conseiller chargé de l'Environnement, Ministère de l'Equipement
Guinea	Mr. Richard Théophile	Chef de la Section Milieu Marin et Côtier á la Direction Nationale de l'Environnement
	Dr. P.P. Ouseph	Scientist, CESS, Trivandrum, Kerala
India <u>6</u> /	Shri T. Venugopal	Punjab State Council for Science and Technology, Chandigarh

4/ Fisheries Experts:

Mr. Ousman Drammeh, Director, Department of Fisheries;

Mr Amadou Saine, Fisheries Officer, Department of Fisheries

Navigation including Pollution from Vessels:

Mr Nicolas Blell, Director, Technical Services, Gambia Ports Authority

5/ Fisheries experts:

Mr. Giorgi Bitadze, Biologist (Ichthologist) and Agronomist;

Mr. Akaki Komakhidze, Biologist.

Marine scientific research experts:

Mr. Nikoloz Mazmanidi, Ph.D in Biology;

Mr. Irakli Khomeriki, Local Head of the World Oceanographical Society, Ph D

Navigation experts:

Ilia Stepanishvilli, Head of the Black Sea Protection Conventional Service,

Captain of Long Vogage

Regenald Dekanozov, Marine Lawyer

6/ Fisheries Experts:

Dr. Y.S. Yadava, Fisheries Development Commissionner, Department of Agriculture and Cooperation, Ministry of Agriculture.

Dr. P.K. Surendran, Principal Scientist and Head, Microbiology Fermentation and Biotechnology Section.

Dr. V.K. Pillai, Senior Scientist, Cochin, Central marine Fisheries Research Institute

Dr. P.G. Viswanathan Nair, Principal Scientist, D.I.F.T., Cochin.

State Party	Experts Nominated	Designation
	Dr. Erinjery Joseph James	Executive Director, Kozhikode, Kerala
	Dr. M. Baba	CESS, Trivandrum, Kerala
India (cont.)	Narinder Singhu Tiwana	Administrator, PPCB and Executive Director, Punjab State Council for Science and Technology, Chandigarh
	Dr. (Mrs). K. N. Remani	Director, Environment, Punjab State Council for Science and Technology, Chandigarh
Kuwait	Capt. Ali Abas Haider	Director, Marine Pollution Monitoring Department
Labaran	Mr. Hiratish Kumijian	Yet to receive details
Lebanon	Ms. Marie Abboud Saab	Yet to receive details
Mauritius	Mr. Etienne Sinatambou	Senior State Counsel, Attorney General's Office
	Ms. G. Dagvadorj	Senior Officer, Ministry for Nature and Environment
Mongolia	Ms. Saran Baymba	State Senior Inspector, Ministry for Nature and Environment
Migaria	Dr. Obufemi Alna	Federal Environmental Protection Agency
Nigeria	Prof. A.O. Ofolabi	Federal Environment Protection Agency
	Mr. Suleiman Al -Busaidi	Supt. Gen. of Pollution Control, Ministry of Regional Municipalities and Environment
0	Dr. Sadiq Al-Muscati	Director General, Environmental Affairs, Ministry of Regional Municipalities and Environment
Oman	Dr. Mohd. Al-Oraimi	Director, inspection and Monitoring, Ministry of Regional Municipalities and Environment
	Mr. Saeed Ali Al-Zidjali	Head, Marine Pollution Section, Ministry of Regional Municipalities and Environment
	Dr. Syed M. Hussain	Professor, Centre of Excellence in Marine Biology, Karachi
Pakistan	Dr. Pirzada U. Siddiqui	Assistant Professor, Centre of Excellence in Marine Biology, Karachi
	Mr. Antonio La Vina	Under-Secretary for Legal and Legislative Affairs, Dept. of Environment and Natural Resources
Philippines	Dr. Marie A. Meñez	Assistant Professor in Marine Science, University of Rhode Island

State Party	Experts Nominated	Designation
Philippines (cont.)	Dr. Gli Jacinto.	Associate Professor in Marine Science, University of Liverpool
Daniello of Konn	Prof. Chu-Hwan Koh	Professor of Marine Biology, Department of Oceanography, Seoul National University
Republic of Korea	Prof. Kwang-Woo Lee	Professor of Chemical Oceanography, College of Natural Sciences, Hanyang University
Russian Federation	Yurdi Yudintsev	Deputy Minister, Ministry of Protection of the Environment and Natural Resources
S-i-Almain	Mr. Cletus Springer	Permanent Secretary, Ministry of Planning Development and Environment
Saint-Lucia	Mr. Horace Walter	Chief Fisheries Officer, Ministry of Agriculture, Lands, Fisheries and Forestry
Samoa <u>7</u> /	Mrs. F. Tulmaleallifano	Director, Dept. of Lands, Surveys and Environment
9	Mr. Sailimalo P. Liu	Assistant-Director, Dept. of Lands, Surveys and Environment
Samoa (cont.)	Mr. Lui Bell	Principal Fisheries Officer, Dept. of Agriculture, Forestry, Fisheries and Meteorology
Senegal	Mr. Hadji Salif Diop	Spécialiste sur les questions marines et côtières, Ministère de l'Environnement et de la Protection de la Nature
	Mr. John Coille	Ag. Director, Division of Environment, Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Planning and Environment
Seychelles	Ms. Suzanne Marshali	Senior Research Officer, Division of Environment, Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Planning and Environment
	Prof. H.H. Costa	Zoologist, Vice-Chancellor, University of Kelaniya
Sri Lanka	Prof. M.S. Wijeratne	Professor of Zoology and Dean of the Faculty of Science University of Kelaniya

<u>7</u>/ Fisheries experts:

Mr. Ueta Faasili, Assistant Director (Fisheries), Department of Agriculture, Forestry, Fisheries and

Meteorology;
Mr. Savali Time, Senior Fisheries Officer, Department of Agriculture, Forestry, Fisheries and Meteorology.

Marine Scientific Research experts:

Mr Antonio Mulipola, Senior Research Officer,

Department of Agriculture, Forestry, Fisheries and Meteorology.

Navigation experts:

Mr. Vaaelua Nofo Vaaelua, Secretary for Transport, Ministry of Transport

State Party	Experts Nominated	Designation
Sri Lanka (cont.)	Dr. Upali Amarasinghe	Senior Lecturer in Zoology, University of Kelaniya
Cudan	Prof. Asim I. Eimagrabi	Yet to receive details
Sudan	Dr. Elsa M. Elatif	Yet to receive details
Tuestala	Mr. Bechir Talbi	Sous-Directeur de la flotte pour le domaine de la navigation y compris la pollution par les navires ou par immersion
Tunisla	Mr. Faycal Lassoued	Sous-Directeur de la navigation maritime pour le domaine de la protection et de la préservation du milieu marin
	Prof. Richard Macrory	Yet to receive details
United Kingdom	Prof. Alan Boyle	Yet to receive details
Zimbabwe	Mr. J.T. Mukundu	Acting Under-Secretary, Traffic and Legislation, Ministry of Transport and Energy

(c) <u>List of experts in the field of marine scientific research maintained by</u> the Intergovernmental Oceanographic Commission of UNESCO (communicated on 12 August 1997)

g	(communicated on 12 August 1997)
State Party	Nominations
Argentina	Vicealmirante Alfredo Yung Capitán (R) Osvaldo P. Astiz Dirección de Límites Ministerio de Relaciones Exteriores Conesa 977 (1426), Buenos Aires
	Capitán de Fragata Luis VIIa Sección Protección Amblental Departamento de Intereses Marítimos de la Armada
Brazil	Luiz Phillipe da Costa Fernandes Vice-Admiral (R)
	Mr. Luiz Roberto Silva Martins UFRGS - Universidade Federal do Rio grande do Sul CECO - Centro de Estudoes de Geologia Costerra e Oceanica Campus do Vale - Predio 43/125 Av Bento Goncaives 9500 91.541-970 Porto Alegne KS Tel: 55-51-3166396 Fax: 56-51-3365011
Bulgaria	Dr. George Jiegaum Institute of Ecology, 1113 Sofia Gagarin Str.2 Tel: 3592-241793 Fax: 3592-705498
	Mr. Emanuil D. Kosuharov Geological Institute Bulgarian Academy of Sciences "Akad.G.Bontchev" str. B1 24 1113 Sofia Tel: 359-2-728010/7132246 Fax: 359-2-730268
Cameroon	Dr. Floack Jean Chargé de recherche et Chef Centre de Recherches Halieutiques et Océanographiques (CRHO) Ministère de la Recherche Scientifique et Technique PMB 77, Limbe c/o Fax: 237-420312/332227 Tix: 5952 KN
	Mr. Angwe Ayamara Collins c/o Dr. Floack Jean Chargé de recherche et Chef Centre de Recherches Halieutiques et Océanographiques (CRHO)

State Party	Nominations
	Ministère de la Recherche Scientifique et Technique PMB 77, Limbe c/o Fax: 237-420312/332227 Tix: 5952 KN
	Dr. Theodore Djama Fisheries Management IRZV, B P 1457 Yaoundé
Chile	Dr. José Corvalan Servicio Nacional de Geología y Minería Avda, Santa María 0104 Casilla 1347 Santiago Tel: 56-2-7375050 Fax: 56-2-7372026 E-mail: SERNAGO@HUELEN REUNA CL
	Dr. Victor A. Gallardo Universidad de Concepción Facultad de Ciencias Naturales y Oceanográficas Casilla 2407 Concepción Tel: 56-41-242465 Fax: 56-41-242546 Email: VAGALLARD@BUHO DPI UDEC CL
China	Prof. Su Jilan Second Institute of Oceanography State Oceanic Administration P O Box 1207 Hangzhou, Zhejiang 310012 Tel: 0571-8076924 Fax: 0571-8071539
	Dr. Xu Xun Department of Marine Biology Third Institute of Oceanography State Oceanic Administration Xiamen 361005, Fujian Tel: 0592-2085880 ext.276 Fax: 0592-2086646
Colombia	J. Jairo Escobar Ramirez Asesor de esta Comisión Profesor Titular de la Universidad del Valle, Calí Calle 137A No 52A-35 Apto 203 Bloque 1, Rincón de Iberia Santafe de Bogotá Tel: 571-2266475
	Fernando Alberto Zapata Rivera Profesor Asociado Depto de Biología, Universidad del Valle Apartado Aeteo 25360 Call Tel: 923-3393243

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State Party	Nominations
	923-3393041 ext 171
	Fax: 923-3392440
	E-mail: fazr@hypatia Univalle edu co
	Jaime Ricardo Centera Kintz
	c/o Capitán de Navio Ricardo Alvardo Reyes
	Secretario General C C O
	Santafe de Bogotá D.C
	Calle 41 No. 46-20 - Piso 40-CAN
	Tel: 2220436/2220449
	Fax: 2220416
Cuba	Mr. Carlos J. Garcia
Olipa	Fisheries Research Centre
	Sta Ave y 248, Barlovento, Sta Fe C Habana
	Mr. Raul Cruz Isquierdo
	Vice-Director of Fisheries Research
	Fisheries Research Center Ministry of Fishing Industry
	Centro de investigaciones Pesqueras
	Sta Ave y Calle 248, Barlovento
	Santa Fe. Ciudada de la Habana
C	Duck Madinals Manual
Czech Republic	Prof. Vladimír Kopal Charles University. Prague
	Onunes onversity, 1 rague
Finland	Erkki J. Leppakoski, Ph.D
	Professor in Ecology and Environmental Protection
	Department of Biology
	Abo Akademi University
	BioCity, FIN-20520 Turku/Abo Tel: 358-21-654355
	Fax: 358-21-654748
	E-mail: (internet) eleppakoski@abo fi
	Deaf De Tulkii Deage
	Prof. Dr. Tulkii, Paavo Head, Department of Biological Oceanography
	Finnish Institute of Marine Research (FIMR)
	P.O. Box 33
	FIN-00931 Helsinki
	Tel:358-0-613941
	Fax:358-061394494
	E-mail: Paavo Tulkki@fimr fi
Gabon	Monsieur Louis-Gabriel PAMBO
	Océanologue Géologiste, Directeur des Pêches
	Direction des Pêches Maritimes et
	des Cultures Marines
	Ministère de la Marine Marchande et de la Pêche
	Libreville
Georgia	Prof. A. Kiknadze
	Department of Geography Thillist State University
	Tbilisi State University Georgia, 380028. Tbilisi
	av.J. Chauchauadze 1

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State Party	Nominations
	Tel: 22-6-57 Fax: (995-32) 22-11-03
	Prof. G. Metreveli Department of Geography Tbilisi State University Georgia, 380028, Tbilisi av.J Chauchauadze 1 Tel: 64-85-17 Fax: (995-32) 22-11-03
India	Dr. S.A. H. Abldi Director Department of Ocean Development
	'Mahasagar Bhavan' Block-12, C G.O. Complex Lodhi Road, New Delhi-110003 Gram: Mahasagar Tlx: 31-61984 Fax: 91-11-4360336
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State Party	Nominations
	Yarmouk University Irbid - Jordan Tel: 271100
Kuwait	Prof. Dr. Abdallah Zamel Al-Zamel Assistant Professor/Assistant Dean for Student Affairs Department of Geology Faculty of Science Kuwait University, P O Box 5969, Safat Tel: 4810481 (Dept.), or 4811188 Ext. 5600 or 5629 Mrs. Faiza Y. Al-Yamani Ph.D Associate Research Scientists/Oceanographic Task Leader Food Resources Division Kuwait Institute for Scientific Research Mariculture and Fisheries Department Tel: 965-5751984 Fax: 965-5711293
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	Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Natural Resources
Mozambique	Mr. Adriano Macia
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Sudan	Dr. Abdel Gadir D. El Hag Director, Red Sea University c/o Mr. Mubarak Yahia Abbas Secretary-General National Commissiion for Education Science and Culture P.O. Box 2324 KH Tel:79888 Fax:249-1-76030 Tix:21055 Dr. Dirar H. Nasr Marine Biologist Faculty of Marine Science and Fisheries P.O. Box 24 Port Sudan Tel: 2509
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(d) <u>List of experts in the field of navigation, including pollution from vessels and by dumping, maintained by the International Maritime Organization</u> (communicated on 13 July 1998)

State Party	Nominations
Argentina	Capitan de Corbeta Auditor Guillermo Bartoletti
Bahrain	Mr. Abdulmonem Mohamed Janahi
	Mr. Sanad Rashid Sanad
Bolivia	T.N. Hugo Méndez Queirolo
	Dr. Guey Andrade Morales, Asesor Jurídico de la Subsecretaría de Intereses Marítimos del Ministerio de Defensa Nacional
Cameroon	Mr. Ekoumoj Dimi Dieudonne
	Mr. Nsalkai Athanasisus Responsables de la sécurité maritime à la direction de la marine marchande
China	Mr. Zhong Boyuan, Former Director-General of Tianjín Harbour Superintendency, Senior engineer and leading captain
STATE OF THE STATE	Mr. Shi Zhuanghuai, Former Captain of Shanghai Marine Transport (Group) Company
Cook Islands	Captain Donald W. Silk, Harbourmaster
THE PASSAGE AND ADDRESS OF THE PASSAGE AND ADDRE	Mr. Joseph Caffery, Director of Maritime Transport
Czech Republic	Dr. Vladimír Kopal, Professor of Law
Egypt	Mr. Mehnad Mahmoud Kamel, Counsellor, Ministry of Maritime Transportation
	Mr. Mahmoud Imam Abd-Rabou, Counsellor for Treaties Affairs, Ministry of Maritime Transportation
Fiji	Captain Felix Ranchor Maharaj, Chief Hydrographer
	Mr Ponipate Bukarau, Acting Principal Marine Officer, Regulatory Section, Senior Surveyor and Engineer Examiner
Finland	Professor Kari Hakapää, University of Lapland
	Professor Peter Wetterstein, Abo Akademi University
Greece	Captain (H.C.G) I. Tzavaras
Talkana and a same a same and a same and a same and a same and a same a same a same and a same and	Captain (H.G.G) P. Havatzopoulos
Guinea	Chérif Mohamed Lamine Camara, Docteur Es-Sciences Techniques des Pêches en service à la Direction Nationale de la pêche et de l'Alquaculture

State Party	Nominations
Ireland	Captain James Kelly, Chief Marine Surveyor
	Captain Chris Davies, Marine Surveyor
Italy	Professor Umberto Leanza, l'Université de Rome, Chef du service du contentieux du Ministère des affaires étrangers italien
	Professor Tullio Treves, l'Université de Milan
Mexico	Captain Manuel P. Flitsche, Head of the Third Section of the Naval Staff
	Captain Gabriel Rivera Miranda, Director of Navigation, Merchant Marine Affairs Division, Ministry of Communications and Transport
Nigeria	Mr. Green Ekeledo, Chief Nautical Officer
	Captain I.N. Ntialdem. Deputy Government Inspector of Shipping
Norway	Mr. Jens Henning Kofoed, Adviser, The Maritime Directorate of Norway
	Mr. Atle Fretheim, Assistant Director General, The Royal Ministry of Environment
Pakistan	Captain I.M. Khan Samdani, Chief Nautical Surveyor, Ports & Shipping Wing
	Captain Hasan Khurshid, Deputy Conservator, Karachi Port Trust
Palau	Mr. Donal Dengokl, Environmental Specialist, Environmental Quality Protection Board (under the Ministry of Resources and Development)
	Mr. Arvin Raymond, Chief, Division of Transportation, Bureau of Commercial Development Ministry of Commerce and Trade
	Alternate Mr. Benito Thomas, Chief, Division of Immigration, Bureau of Legal Service. Ministry of Justice
Panama	Capitán A.E. Fiore, Jefe de Seguridad Maritima, SEGUMAR, Nueva York
	Ing. Ivan Ibérico, Inspector del Departmento Técnico de la Dirección General, Consular y de Naves
Romania	Eng. Constantin Sava, Directorate for Control, Ministry of Transport
	Eng. Constantin Buzatu. Inspector, Romanian Registry of Shipping
Samoa	Mr. Vaclua Nofo Vaclua, Secretary for Transport. Ministry of Transport
	Mr. Pule Sammy Stewart, Assistant Secretary, Marine and Shipping Division. Ministry of Transport
Sierra Leone	Captain Patrick E.M. Kemokai
and the first of t	Captain Salu Kuyateh

State Party	Nominations
Singapore	Captain Francis Wee, Assistant Director (Nautical), Marine Department
	Captain Wilson Chua, Head, Hydrographic Department, Port of Singapore Authority
Slovakia	Mr. Emil Mitka, Chief Director of the Water Transport Section, Ministry of Transport
	Mr. Pavol Lukáč, Director of the Maritime Transport Department, Ministry of Transport
Slovenia	Captain Valter Kobeja, Director, The Slovenian Maritime Directorate, Ministry of Transport and Communications
	Mrs. Seli Mohorič Persolja, Counsellor to the Government, The Slovenian Maritime Directorate Ministry of Transport and Communications
Spain	Capitan D. Manuel Nogueira Romero, Subdirector General de Trafico, Seguridad y Contaminacion de la Direccion General de la Marina Mercante
A Andreada (Control Control Co	Capitan D. Francisco Suarez-Llanos Gomez, Jefe de Area de Trafico y Seguridad de la Navegacion de la Direccion General de la Marina Mercante
Togo	Mme Souleymane Sikao, Docteur en Droit de la Mer, Chef de Division à la Direction des Affaires Maritimes au Ministère du Commerce, des Prix et des Transports
	M. Kotè Djahlin, Officier de la Marine Marchande, Chargé de la Division Technique et Opérationnelle à la Direction des Affaires Maritimes au Ministère du Commerce, des Prix et des Transports
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	J.T. Wambede, Meteorology Department, Ministry of Natural Resources, Kampala
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