

*Translated from Spanish*

Republic of Chile

Ministry of Foreign Affairs

Permanent Mission of Chile to the United Nations

No. 109/12

The Permanent Mission of Chile to the United Nations presents its compliments to the Secretary-General and refers to note LA/COD/4 of 12 January 2011, in which States are requested to provide information on violations of the protection, security and safety of diplomatic and consular missions and representatives.

To that end, a table showing serious violations of the security of Chilean missions abroad and the measures taken by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Chile in response to those violations is attached herewith.

The Permanent Mission of Chile to the United Nations again presents its compliments to the Secretary-General and takes this opportunity to convey to him the renewed assurances of its highest consideration.

New York, 4 June 2012

The Secretary-General of the United Nations

No.	<b>Serious violations of the safety and security of Chilean missions abroad</b>		
	<b>Description of the offence</b>	<b>Security support measures taken by the host country</b>	<b>Measures taken by Chile's Ministry of Foreign Affairs</b>
1.	<p><b>Embassy of Chile in Mexico</b></p> <p>Since 2010, the Embassy has been the target of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Letter bombs</li> <li>• Telephone threats</li> <li>• Anonymous threats</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• An anti-establishment group, Núcleo insurrecto Sole-Baleno de las Células Autónomas de Revolución Inmediata-Praxedis G. Guerrero, claimed responsibility for the letter bombs. The investigation was conducted by the Special Unit for the Investigation of Terrorism and Arms Stockpiling and Trafficking in the Office of the Deputy Attorney General for Special</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The Embassy is equipped with such preventive security technology as closed-circuit television, theft alarms, fire alarms, access control and security doors.</li> <li>• Documents are inspected using Garrett metal detectors and related inspection procedures.</li> </ul>

		<p>Investigation into Organized Crime, which operates under Office of the Attorney General.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The local police provides an escort for the Ambassador.</li> <li>• The police is in ongoing coordination with the Embassy.</li> <li>• The local police and Chile's expert body have trained Embassy officials to inspect and handle mail.</li> </ul>	
2.	<p><b>Embassy of Chile in Italy</b> On 23 December 2010, local official César Mella was the victim of a letter bomb attack, sustaining injuries.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The anarchist group, "Federazione Anarchica Informale", claimed responsibility for the attack, which the Italian police reported to the competent court.</li> <li>• The Embassy</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The Embassy is equipped with such preventive security technology as closed-circuit television, theft alarms, fire alarms and access control.</li> <li>• Documents are inspected using Garrett metal detectors and related inspection procedures.</li> </ul>

		<p>receives police protection during emergencies.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The Embassy is in ongoing contact with the local police.</li> </ul>	
3.	<p><b>Embassy of Chile in Greece</b></p> <p>In 2010-2011, the Embassy received letter and package bombs.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The local police is investigating the case and has attributed the attack to the anarchist group, "Conspiración de Núcleos de Fuego", which is active in Europe.</li> <li>• The Embassy is in ongoing contact with the local police.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The Embassy is equipped with such preventive security technology as closed-circuit television, theft alarms, fire alarms, access control and security doors.</li> <li>• Documents are inspected using Garrett metal detectors and related inspection procedures.</li> </ul>
4.	<p><b>Embassy of Chile in France</b></p> <p>Since 2010, the Embassy has been the target of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Telephone threats</li> <li>• Anonymous threats</li> <li>• Defacement of exterior walls</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The attacks were reported to the local police.</li> <li>• The Embassy and the Consulate General are in ongoing contact with the local police.</li> <li>• The local police provide a security</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The Embassy is equipped with such preventive security technology as closed-circuit television, access control and security doors.</li> <li>• Documents are inspected using Garrett metal detectors and related inspection procedures.</li> </ul>

		detail when peaceful demonstrations are scheduled.	
5.	<p><b>Embassy of Chile in Argentina</b></p> <p>On 1 September 2011, a group of some 250 persons staged a violent demonstration before the Embassy. They fired pellets, broke windows and threw bags filled with paint.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The attacks were reported to the Argentine Federal Police.</li> <li>• The Embassy is in ongoing contact with the local police.</li> <li>• The local police provide a security detail when peaceful demonstrations are scheduled.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The Embassy is equipped with such preventive security technology as closed-circuit television, theft alarms, fire alarms, access control and security doors.</li> <li>• Documents are inspected using Garrett metal detectors and related inspection procedures.</li> </ul>

In response to the string of attacks described above, the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Chile put in place a document inspection procedure that entails the use of a ferrous metal detector. In order to implement this measure, the Ministry acquired 200 Garrett metal detectors and a meticulous document inspection protocol, translated into Spanish, English, French and German, and supplied them to

- 67 embassies
- 50 consulates-general
- 10 career consulates
- 5 consular sections
- 4 consulates
- 5 missions to international organizations
- 50 honorary consulates.

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It should be noted that this preventive measure has led to the detection of letter bombs sent to the Embassies in Mexico, Spain and Greece, among others, and to their subsequent deactivation by local police forces.

It should also be noted that in 2010, the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, having foreseen this risk, introduced security systems with the features described below as the technical standard for preventive security at all Chilean diplomatic, consular and other missions abroad. These systems have the capacity to monitor premises through the General Packet Radio Service (GPRS) communication system, which transmits an activation signal directly to the cellular telephone of the mission's chief security officer, who can then investigate the cause of the activation.

- Closed-circuit television equipped with a digital video recorder, infrared cameras and display screens. The system can store images for 30 days and has 30 minutes of reserve power

- Electronic access control and security door. This feature prevents unauthorized access to the offices. The system is connected to the fire alarm system so that the doors can open while the alarm is activated. It also has reserve power that allows it to run without a direct electrical supply for 24 hours

- A fire alarm system, supplemented by fire extinguishers.