



MINISTERIO DE RELACIONES EXTERIORES
Dirección de Medio Ambiente y Asuntos Marítimos

CHILE views and proposals on paragraph 44 of Resol 11/1

44. *Decides* that the Forum should consider proposals on the following matters:

(a) Replacement of the reference to the Millennium Development Goals in paragraph 1 (b) of the non-legally binding instrument on all types of forests with an appropriate reference to the sustainable development goals and targets that will be considered by the United Nations summit for the adoption of the post-2015 development agenda, to be held in September 2015;

(b) The strategic plan for the period 2017-2030 and the quadrennial programme of work for the period 2017-2020, consistent with section XI of the present resolution;

Regarding para 44 (a)

To replace the reference to the MDG in paragraph 1 (b) of the non-legally binding instrument on all types of forests by SDG and targets **is a need**, regarding the approval of SDG by the UN General Assembly, in Sept. 2015.

The UNGA Member States, in adopting the Resolution of the Sustainable Development Agenda 2030, emphasized poverty eradication is a major challenge to implement the sustainable development, in which Forests play a key role for rural, local and other communities, taking into account the countries different priorities, capabilities and levels of national development.

The 17 targets and 169 goals aims at strengthening alliance among people, governments, civil society, private sector, etc., to establish a strong international cooperation for its implementation, including of course the environmental protection, in which forest is included.

Para 44 (b)

1. The Strategic Plan 2017-2030 should be concise, should tend towards simplicity, focused on those activities that will be able to really put in practice the objectives of the international arrangements on forests. And of course, as it is said, it should incorporate a mission and a vision. And also a scope, strategic goals, synergies and visibility, indicators.
 - The long-term vision should reflect sense of direction, a sense of intention and should relate to a 15 – 20 – 30 year horizon.
 - A communication strategy is key in connecting the work of the St. Plan 2017-2030 with people in general (raising public awareness), specially with private sector and communities. It is necessary to inform people about the importance of forests in contributing to the mitigation of the climate change effects.



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- To meet the economic and social needs of the population is part of the forest management tasks, in a sustainable manner. So, communication is a must in the Strategic Plan.
- The Sustainable Development Goals are evolving into the main global framework for sustainable development. The new Strategic Plan should take the emergence of this new framework into account.
- The new Strategic Plan needs to consider and integrate the relation between forests and climate change and key sectors such as agriculture, hydro-energy, biomass energy and others.
- Climate change, accelerating land degradation need to be considered and integrated.
- Ecosystem Services and valuations need to take account of benefits to local populations and of benefits to other people, if any.
- The new Strategic Plan might be divided into two parts or papers: one part visionary, a shorter, more political paper with a clear message for the world-at-large, expressing aspirations and targets (with indicators), and a separate, more practical plan for the Parties' focal points, flexible and adaptable to regional and national contexts.

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