





Current mandate(s) on voluntary national reporting to UNFF

ECOSOC Resolution 2015/33

Requested a reporting cycle and format

UN Strategic Plan for Forests 2017-2030

- Review to be based on internationally agreed indicators
- Reporting should take into account the FRA and SDG review cycles

UNFF 4POW 2017-2020 - 3 MAR items

- Cycle & format for voluntary national reporting
- Progress on the development of global indicators
- Measures to synchronize data and reduce reporting burden

UNFF consultations on monitoring and reporting

- Expert Meeting on reporting to UNFF Brasilia (February 2017)
- Contributions via e-mail from Member States, CPF members
- Input from UNFF12 (May 2017)
- Piloting the reporting format (June-September 2017)
- Expert Meeting on MAR Nairobi (November 2017)
- UNFF13 (May 2018) adopted the format for initial voluntary national reporting, recognizing that can be improved and refined on the basis of experience gained

UNFF MAR - KEY CHARACTERISTICS

- National reports provide entire "catalogue of actions" and challenges related to SFM implementation
- Information from Member States mainly of "qualitative/narrative nature"
- From 2007 till 2015 the main focus of reporting => to track progress towards GOFs and implementation of the UN Forest Instrument and contribution of forests to MDGs
- Current: track progress towards GFGs/targets/VNCs
- Submitted information supplemented by quantitative data, mostly from FAO/FRA

Format for reporting – key features

- Structured around Global Forest Goals and targets 1-6
- The same standard questions on actions (*legislative*, *institutional*, *financial* and *technical*) taken to advance achievement of Goals 1 to 3 (these have numerical targets)
- Goals 4, 5 and 6 include specific supplementary questions different to each of them
- Targets 6.1 & 6.2 not included ref. to actions taken by international community
- 2015 is used as a baseline
- Terms and definitions consistent with FAO/FRA

Thank you for your attention!