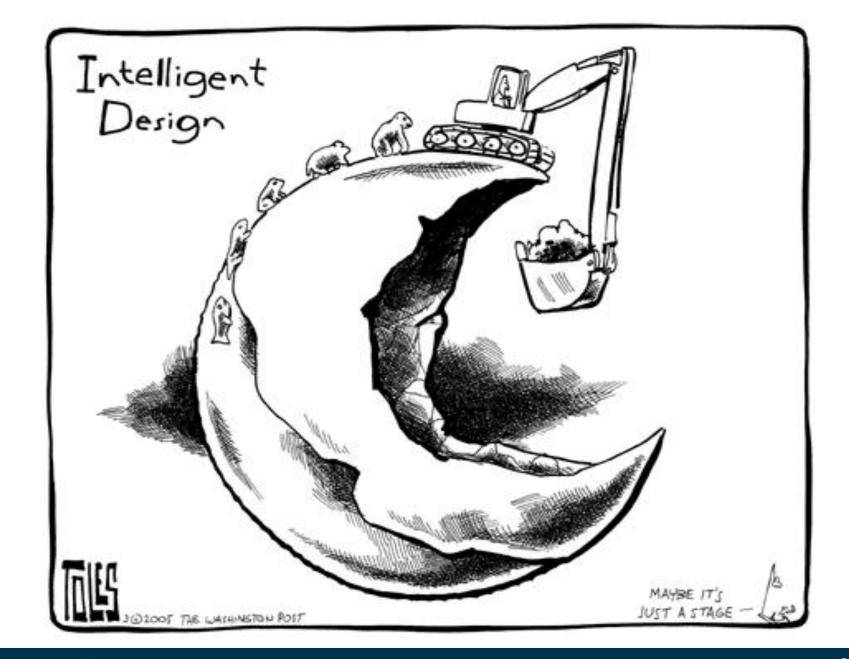
Water in a Green Economy The UN System's Position

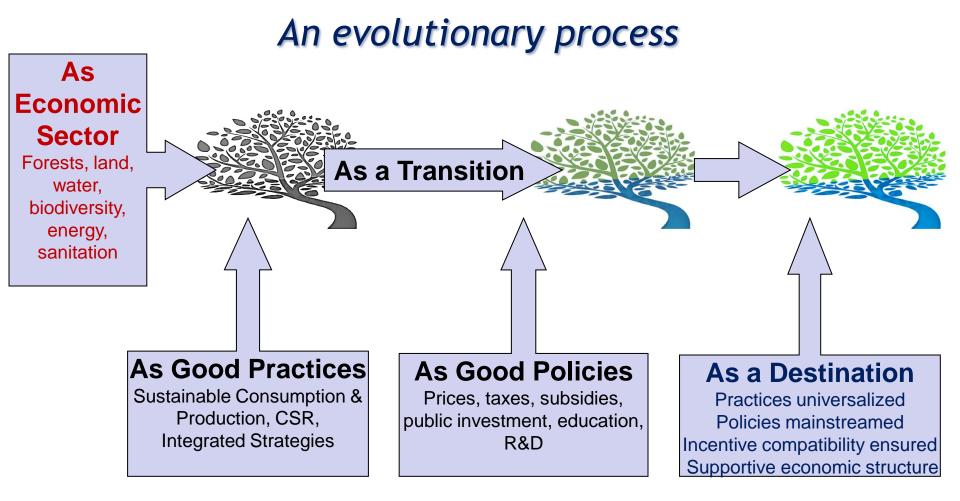


Bonn2011 Conference

The Water, Energy and Food Security Nexus Solutions for the Green Economy 16–18 November 2011



The Notion of Green Economy



Questions about Green Economy

- Is it a Trojan horse?
 - Trade, Aid, Marketization
 - Payment for ecosystem services





UN System's Position: Focus on Water

UN-Water Statement to Rio+20

Development Process:

- Dialogue and discussions by UN-Water members and partners:
 - 20 Jan 2011, Bangkok
 - 21 Aug 2011, Stockholm
- Drafting and negotiation by UN-Water members
- Submission to UNCSD Secretariat: 1 Nov 2011

Key Messages + Key Actions



Key Messages to Rio



Water Integration into Green Economy

- Success of green economy depends on:
 - Integrated and sustainable water resource management
 - Safe and sustainable provisioning of water supply and adequate sanitation services
 - Commitment to building a resource efficient economy:
 more crop, nutrition and kilowatts per drop
- Improved measurement of economic performance
 - Indicators of social and environmental sustainability
- Green economy must be supported by green societies

A Climate Resilient Green Economy

- Water is the primary medium through which climate change influences Earth's ecosystems plus people's livelihoods & wellbeing
- Climate resilience is closely tied to effective management of:
 - water variability
 - ecosystem changes
 - resulting impacts on livelihoods
- Climate change adaptation measures boost green economy approaches and offer robustness





Highest Priority: the 'Bottom Billion'

- The 'Bottom Billion' people live in abject poverty without access to safe drinking water supply, adequate sanitation services, or adequate food and energy services
- Green economy must address inequities in access to water - closely linked to energy security and food security
- UN General Assembly Resolution 64/292 on the human right to water and sanitation provides the basis



Universal Coverage: Water & Sanitation

- Green economy framework:
 - Accommodate both development targets and human rights targets at all levels



- Universal coverage of water supply and sanitation services must be a central development goal in the post-2015 period
- We urge national governments to set realistic intermediate targets and goals
- Continued assessment and analysis of the enabling environment to identify and remove critical bottlenecks
 - policy frameworks, institutional arrangements, building human resource base and financial flows



Key Actions by UN-Water



Policy Inputs & Powerful Solutions

- Existing methodologies and tools used for measuring progress against a new model of human and economic development
- Existing UN-Water monitoring mechanisms can be further strengthened and improved to provide relevant outputs
- UN-Water will continue to identify practical solutions
 - Development of a toolbox containing lessons learnt

A water toolbox

Capacity Development for Green Economy

- Capacity development together with innovation offers numerous opportunities → creation of green jobs
- UN-Water can effectively contribute to meeting the water-related capacity needs of developing countries and of countries in transition
- In support of green economy UN-Water will continue its focus on capacity development:
 - Enhancing knowledge generation
 - Facilitating transfer of appropriate technologies
 - Reinforcing cooperation among national governments

Advocacy and Dissemination

- UN-Water has demonstrated:
 - Consolidation of messages across the UN system
 - High impact delivery to relevant audiences

 UN-Water can consolidated and advocate water-related green economy messages

- Multiple communication
- channels for dissemination



