

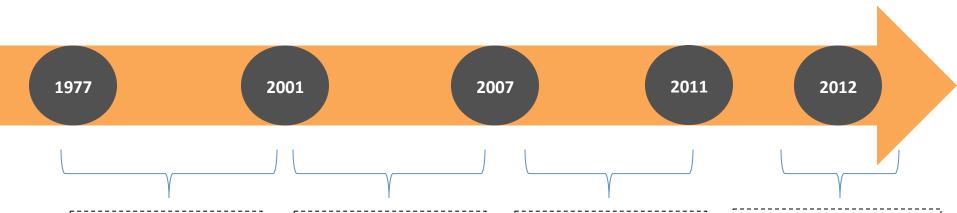
Strengthening World Bank efforts to promote gender equality

Commission on the Status of Women New York, NY 1 March 2012

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Gender in the Bank: a timeline



- 1977: First
 Women in
 Development
 Adviser
 appointed
- 1984: OMS 2.20, Project Appraisal requires consideration of gender

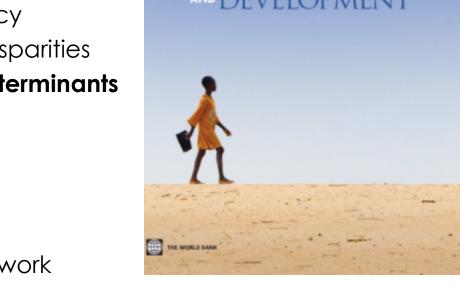
- Engendering Development flagship
- 2001: Gender Mainstreaming Strategy
- OMS 2.20 replaced by OP 4.20

- 2007: Gender
 Action Plan –
 pilots, evaluations
 and data
- 2008: President Zoellick's 6 commitments on gender.
- 2010: IEG report
- 2011: GAP Transition Plan

- Gender as a special theme in IDA 16
- Major scorecard commitments
- WDR 2012
- DC Paper on WDR 2012 Implications
- Regional Gender Action Plans
-

World Development Report 2012: Gender Equality and Development

- First ever on gender equality and development
- Key messages
 - Intrinsic value of gender equality, alongside smart economics
 - Gender inequality is multidimensional new emphasis on voice and agency
 - Growth is not enough to address disparities
 - Need to understand underlying determinants
- Widespread dissemination
 - > tailored to country context
- Companion reports—regional and network

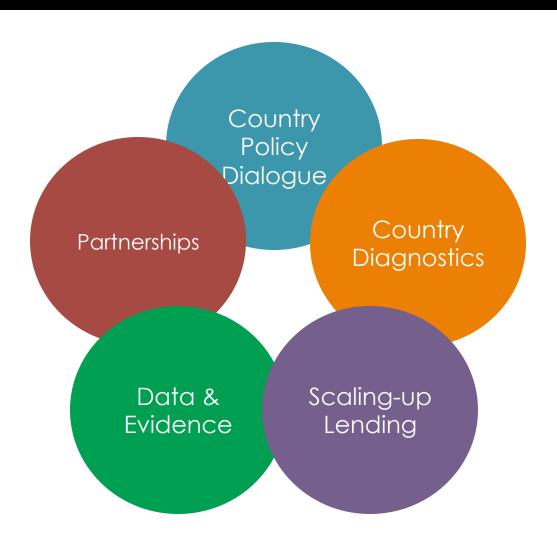


world development report

GENDER EOUALITY

Hugely successful ThinkEQUAL campaign reached 43.9 million people

Strategic Directions for the WBG



Endorsed by the Executive Board on August 23, 2011 and Development Committee on September 24, 2011.

Financing for Gender Equality: World Bank Work

- Overall lending substantial: US\$ 57.3 billion in FY11
 - \$26.7 billion IBRD—middle-income countries
 - \$16.3 billion IDA—low-income countries

In 2010: **US\$ 65 billion** of World Bank loans over the preceding five years were rated as adequately gender mainstreamed or better –

Efforts to improve mainstreaming in several aspects of operations:

- Analysis and consultations
- Content and actions
- Monitoring and evaluation

Range of approaches to gender informed financing

South Sudan: Adolescent Girls Initiative

- Supporting 3000 girls and young women ages 15-24 in clubs, support & training
- \$1.9 m

Bolivia: National Roads and Airport Infrastructure Project

- \$109.5 million aims to improve major national road and airport
- Strengthen complaint mechanisms as well as training in tourism marketing for women

Ethiopia: Women's Entrepreneurship Development Project

- \$50 million IDA
- Targets female entrepreneurs

 aims to increase earnings
 and employment

India: National Rural Livelihood Project

- \$ 1 billion WBG financing with GOI \$6 billion, expected to leverage additional private investment
- Covering 350 million rural poor aims to enable rural women to increase household incomes

But finance is only part of the picture...

- Mainstreaming involves a suite of services and instruments:
 - Country assistance strategies
 - Policy dialogue
 - Picked up in Development Policy Loans eg Pernambuco, Brazil
 - Innovative analytical work and evidence
 - Investments in data and statistics
 - Working groups on GenderStats and international core indicators
 - Partnerships
 - Economic Empowerment of Adolescent Girls -- Liberia
 - → The provision of innovative knowledge, financing and convening packages to support integration of gender into policies and programs



Upcoming Country Partnership Strategies FY12-16

Peru

- Focus: foster equity through social services, infrastructure and competitiveness, while continuing to preserve macro stability.
- Identified gender gaps in endowments, economic opportunities and women's agency. High rates of violence against women.
- Gender as cross-cutting theme along with governance.
- Gender components in several projects
 - Lima Water and Sewerage Systems
 - Rural Water and Sanitation
 - Rural Roads
 - Sierra Rural Development Project
 - PSI- Sierra Irrigation
 - Health Reform (APL2)
 - Justice Services Improvement II Project.
- New ESW on Gender and Agency

Lao PDR

- Focus: bolster competitiveness and connectivity and support country's efforts to exploit their natural resource wealth sustainably and equitably.
- Identifies gender gaps in accessing finance, markets, and information.
- Strong gender focus in strategic objective "Inclusive Development"
 - Improved access to and quality of education
 - Improved maternal & child health and nutrition
 - Health financing and health systems reform
 - Targeted community poverty reduction and livelihood programs
 - Access to finance

Managing Opportunities and Risks

Opportunities:

- Fruits of earlier investments and analysis
- Launch of the WDR2012
- Increasing country and regional interest
- Senior management attention

Risks:

- Deep-seated structural inequalities take time to redress
- Risk of fatigue

 demonstrable progress plus patience.